

## **DESIGN A 60Hz NOTCH FILTER WITH THE UAF42**

by Johnnie Molina, (602) 746-7592

## DESIGN A 60HZ NOTCH FILTER WITH THE UAF42

The UAF42 is a monolithic, time-continuous, 2nd-order active filter building block for complex and simple filter designs. It uses the classical state-variable analog architecture with a summing amplifier plus two integrators. This topology offers low sensitivity of filter design parameters  $f_0$  (natural frequency) and Q to external component variations along with simultaneous high-pass, low-pass and band-pass outputs. An auxiliary high performance operational amplifier is also provided which can be used for buffering, gain, real pole circuits, or for summing the high-pass and low-pass outputs to create a band reject (notch) filter (see Figure 1).

A notch filter is easily realized with the UAF42 and six external resistors. Figure 2 shows the UAF42 configured into a 60Hz notch filter. The auxiliary operational amplifier is used to sum both the high-pass and low-pass outputs. At  $f = f_{NOTCH}$ , both of these outputs times their respective gain at the summing circuit are equal in magnitude but 180° out of phase. Hence, the output goes to zero. Figure 3 shows the response plot for the circuit shown in Figure 2 where  $f_0 = 60Hz$  and Q = 6.

The notch frequency for the notch filter is set by the following calculations:

where,

 $A_{LP}$  = gain from input to low-pass out at f = 0Hz.

 $A_{HP}$  = gain from input to high-pass out of f >>  $f_0$ .

Typically,  $A_{LP}/A_{HP} \bullet R_{Z2}/R_{Z1}$  is equal to one. This simplifies  $f_{\rm NOTCH}$  to be,

$$f_{\text{NOTCH}} = f_{\text{O}}$$
  
$$f_{\text{O}} \text{ is given by, } f_{\text{O}} = \frac{1}{R_{\text{F}} \cdot C \cdot 2\pi}$$
  
where,  $R_{\text{F}} = R_{\text{F1}} = R_{\text{F2}}$  and  $C = C_1 = C_2$ 

Note that the notch frequency can be modified by simply changing the  $R_F$  resistors and/or adding external capacitors. NPO ceramic, mica or a good film capacitor with low dissipation factor characteristics is recommended.

The –3dB bandwidth, as shown in Figure 3, can be set by the following calculations.

$$BW_{\text{-3dB}} = f_{\text{NOTCH}}/Q$$
 where, 
$$BW_{\text{-3dB}} = f_{\text{H}} - f_{\text{L}}$$

The filter Q can be determined by setting  $R_Q$  to a value given by,

 $R_Q = \frac{25k\Omega}{O-1}$ 

High-pass Band-pass Low-pass  
Out Out Out Out  
$$13$$
  $8$   $7$   $14$   $1$   $5$   $6$   $6$   $13$   $8$   $7$   $14$   $1$   $1000pF$   $10000pF$   $1000pF$   $1000pF$ 

FIGURE 1. UAF42 Universal Active Filter with High-pass, Band-pass and Low-pass Outputs.

## $\mathbf{f}_{\text{NOTCH}} = \sqrt{\left(\mathbf{A}_{\text{LP}} / \mathbf{A}_{\text{HP}} \bullet \mathbf{R}_{\text{Z2}} / \mathbf{R}_{\text{Z1}}\right)} \bullet \mathbf{f}_{\text{O}}$

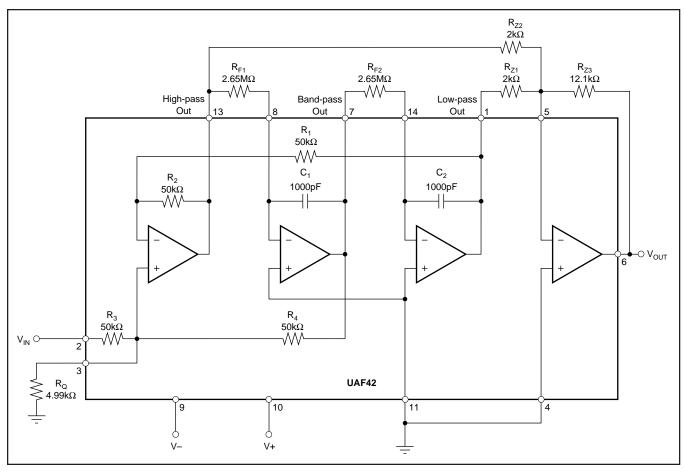


FIGURE 2. UAF42 Configured as a 60Hz Notch Filter.

The pass-band gain of the notch filter is influenced by the filter Q and should be adjusted for unity by setting the summing circuit feedback and input resistor ratios such that,

$$Q = \frac{R_{Z3}}{R_{Z1}} = \frac{R_{Z3}}{R_{Z2}}$$

Note that both filter parameters  $f_0$  and Q can be independently set with the proper selection of external components  $R_{F1}$ ,  $R_{F2}$  and  $R_Q$ .

A UAF42 filter design program, FILTER42, along with application bulletin AB-035 is available at no cost which greatly simplifies the design process. A spreadsheet-style "what if" approach can be used to design a variety of filter approximations (Butterworth, Inverse Chebyschev, etc). Response plots, component values and circuit topology information is all provided.

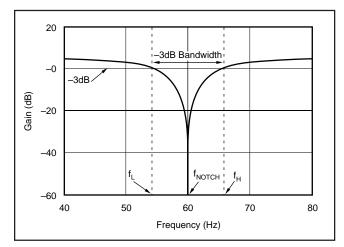


FIGURE 3. 60Hz Notch Filter Response.

The information provided herein is believed to be reliable; however, BURR-BROWN assumes no responsibility for inaccuracies or omissions. BURR-BROWN assumes no responsibility for the use of this information, and all use of such information shall be entirely at the user's own risk. Prices and specifications are subject to change without notice. No patent rights or licenses to any of the circuits described herein are implied or granted to any third party. BURR-BROWN does not authorize or warrant any BURR-BROWN product for use in life support devices and/or systems.

## **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Texas Instruments and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make changes to their products or to discontinue any product or service without notice, and advise customers to obtain the latest version of relevant information to verify, before placing orders, that information being relied on is current and complete. All products are sold subject to the terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment, including those pertaining to warranty, patent infringement, and limitation of liability.

TI warrants performance of its semiconductor products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are utilized to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Specific testing of all parameters of each device is not necessarily performed, except those mandated by government requirements.

Customers are responsible for their applications using TI components.

In order to minimize risks associated with the customer's applications, adequate design and operating safeguards must be provided by the customer to minimize inherent or procedural hazards.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or customer product design. TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right of TI covering or relating to any combination, machine, or process in which such semiconductor products or services might be or are used. TI's publication of information regarding any third party's products or services does not constitute TI's approval, warranty or endorsement thereof.

Copyright © 2000, Texas Instruments Incorporated