- Member of the Texas Instruments Widebus ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Family
- Operates at 2.3 V to 2.7 V for PC1600, PC2100, and PC2700
- Operates at 2.5 V to 2.7 V for PC3200 (QFN Package)
- Pinout and Functionality Compatible With JEDEC Standard SSTV16859
- 600 ps Faster (Simultaneous Switching) Than the JEDEC Standard SSTV16859 in PC2700 DIMM Applications
- 1-to-2 Outputs to Support Stacked DDR DIMMs
- Output Edge-Control Circuitry Minimizes Switching Noise in an Unterminated Line
- Outputs Meet SSTL_2 Class I Specifications
- Supports SSTL_2 Data Inputs
- Differential Clock (CLK and CLK) Inputs
- Supports LVCMOS Switching Levels on the RESET Input
- RESET Input Disables Differential Input Receivers, Resets All Registers, and Forces All Outputs Low
- Pinout Optimizes DIMM PCB Layout
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22
- 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-A)
- 200-V Machine Model (A115-A)
- 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)


## description/ordering information

DGG PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)

| Q13A | $1 \cup_{64}$ | $V_{\text {DDQ }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q12A | 263 | $]$ GND |
| Q11A | 362 | D13 |
| Q10A 4 | 461 | $]$ D12 |
| Q9A | 560 | $1 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |
| $V_{\text {DDQ }}$ | $6 \quad 59$ | ] $\mathrm{V}_{\text {DDQ }}$ |
| GND | 758 | ] GND |
| Q8A | $8 \quad 57$ | D11 |
| Q7A 9 | 956 | D10 |
| Q6A | 1055 | D9 |
| Q5A [ | 1154 | GND |
| Q4A | 1253 | D8 |
| Q3A | 1352 | D7 |
| Q2A | $14 \quad 51$ | RESET |
| GND | $15 \quad 50$ | $]$ GND |
| Q1A | $16 \quad 49$ | $\overline{C L K}$ |
| Q13B | $17 \quad 48$ | CLK |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {DDQ }}$ | $18 \quad 47$ | ] $V_{\text {DDQ }}$ |
| Q12B | 1946 | $1 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |
| Q11B | 2045 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {REF }}$ |
| Q10B | 2144 | $]$ D6 |
| Q9B | 2243 | GND |
| Q8B | 2342 | D5 |
| Q7B | $24 \quad 41$ | ] D |
| Q6B | 2540 | ] ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| GND | 2639 | $]$ GND |
| $V_{\text {DDQ }}$ | $27 \quad 38$ | ] $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDQ}}$ |
| Q5B | $28 \quad 37$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |
| Q4B | 2936 | D2 |
| Q3B | 3035 | D1 |
| Q2B | $31 \quad 34$ | GND |
| Q1B | 3233 | ] $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDQ}}$ |

This 13 -bit to 26 -bit registered buffer is designed for $2.3-\mathrm{V}$ to $2.7-\mathrm{V} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ operation.
ORDERING INFORMATION

| $T_{A}$ | PACKAGE $\dagger$ |  | ORDERABLE <br> PART NUMBER | TOP-SIDE <br> MARKING |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | QFN - RGQ <br> (Tin-Pb Finish) | Tape and reel | SSF859 |  |
|  | QFN - RGQ <br> (Matte-Tin Finish) |  |  |  |
|  | TSSOP - DGG |  | SN74SSTVF16859GR | SSTVF16859 |

† Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.

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## description/ordering information (continued)

All inputs are SSTL_2, except the LVCMOS reset ( $\overline{\operatorname{RESET}})$ input. All outputs are edge-controlled LVCMOS circuits optimized for unterminated DIMM loads.
The SN74SSTVF16859 operates from a differential clock (CLK and $\overline{\text { CLK }}$ ). Data are registered at the crossing of CLK going high and CLK going low.
The device supports low-power standby operation. When RESET is low, the differential input receivers are disabled, and undriven (floating) data, clock, and reference voltage ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{REF}}$ ) inputs are allowed. In addition, when RESET is low, all registers are reset and all outputs are forced low. The LVCMOS RESET input always must be held at a valid logic high or low level.
To ensure defined outputs from the register before a stable clock has been supplied, $\overline{\text { RESET }}$ must be held in the low state during power up.

RGQ PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)

$\dagger$ The center die pad must be connected to GND.

| INPUTS |  |  |  | OUTPUT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\overline{\text { RESET }}$ | CLK | $\overline{\text { CLK }}$ | D | Q |
| H | $\uparrow$ | $\downarrow$ | $H$ | $H$ |
| $H$ | $\uparrow$ | $\downarrow$ | L | L |
| $H$ | L or H | L or H | X | $Q_{0}$ |
| L | X or <br> floating | X or <br> floating | X or <br> floating | L |

## logic diagram (positive logic)



To 12 Other Channels
Pin numbers shown are for the DGG package.
absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) $\dagger$

> Supply voltage range, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDQ}}$ -0.5 V to 3.6 V

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Continuous output current, } \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0 \text { to } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDQ}}\right) \text {.................................................. } \pm 50 \mathrm{~mA}
\end{aligned}
$$

> Package thermal impedance, $\theta_{\mathrm{JA}}$ (see Note 3): DGG package ................................... $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$
> (see Note 4): RGQ package ...................................... $22^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$
$\dagger$ Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and
functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not
implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
NOTES: 1. The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
2. This value is limited to 3.6 V maximum.
3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.
4. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-5.
recommended operating conditions (see Note 5)

|  |  |  | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Supply voltage |  | $V_{\text {DDQ }}$ |  | 2.7 | V |
|  |  | PC1600, PC2100, PC2700 | 2.3 |  | 2.7 |  |
| VDDQ | Output supply voltage | PC3200 | 2.5 |  | 2.7 | V |
|  |  | PC1600, PC2100, PC2700 | 1.15 | 1.25 | 1.35 |  |
| $V_{\text {REF }}$ | Reference voltage ( $\mathrm{V}_{\text {REF }}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {DDQ }}$ (2) | PC3200 | 1.25 | 1.3 | 1.35 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ | Input voltage |  | 0 |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IH }}$ | AC high-level input voltage | Data inputs | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {REF }}+310 \mathrm{mV}$ |  |  | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ | AC low-level input voltage | Data inputs |  |  | F-310mV | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IH }}$ | DC high-level input voltage | Data inputs | VREF+150mV |  |  | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ | DC low-level input voltage | Data inputs |  |  | F-150mV | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | High-level input voltage | RESET | 1.7 |  |  | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ | Low-level input voltage | RESET |  |  | 0.7 | V |
| VICR | Common-mode input voltage range | CLK, $\overline{C L K}$ | 0.97 |  | 1.53 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {I (PP) }}$ | Peak-to-peak input voltage | CLK, $\overline{\text { CLK }}$ | 360 |  |  | mV |
| ${ }^{\mathrm{O}} \mathrm{OH}$ | High-level output current |  |  |  | -16 |  |
| IOL | Low-level output current |  |  |  | 16 | mA |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {A }}$ | Operating free-air temperature |  | 0 |  | 70 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

NOTE 5: The $\overline{\text { RESET input of the device must be held at valid logic voltage levels (not floating) to ensure proper device operation. The differential }}$ inputs must not be floating unless RESET is low. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.
electrical characteristics for PC1600, PC2100, and PC2700 over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)


[^0]electrical characteristics for PC3200 over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

$\dagger$ For this test condition, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDQ}}$ always is equal to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$.
$\ddagger$ All typical values are at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
$\S$ Measured at $50-\mathrm{MHz}$ input frequency
timing requirements over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

$\dagger$ For this test condition, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDQ}}$ always is equal to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$.
NOTES: 6. VREF must be held at a valid input level, and data inputs must be held low for a minimum time of tact max, after $\overline{R E S E T}$ is taken high.
7. VREF, data, and clock inputs must be held at valid voltage levels (not floating) for a minimum time of tinact max, after RESET is taken low.
8. For data signal input slew rate $\geq 1 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{ns}$.
9. For data signal input slew rate $\geq 0.5 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{ns}$ and $<1 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{ns}$.
10. CLK, $\overline{C L K}$ signals input slew rates are $\geq 1 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{ns}$.
switching characteristics for TSSOP over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

| PARAMETER | FROM (INPUT) | TO (OUTPUT) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~V} \dagger \end{gathered}$ | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | MIN MAX |  |
| ${ }_{\text {f max }}$ |  |  | 500 | MHz |
| $t_{p d}{ }^{\ddagger}$ | CLK and CLK | Q | 1.12 .5 | ns |
| tPHL | $\overline{\text { RESET }}$ | Q | 5 | ns |

$\dagger$ For this test condition, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDQ}}$ always is equal to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$.
$\ddagger$ Single-bit switching
switching characteristics for QFN over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

| PARAMETER | FROM (INPUT) | TO (OUTPUT) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~V} \dagger \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.6 \mathrm{~V} \\ \pm 0.1 \mathrm{~V} \dagger \end{gathered}$ |  | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |  |
| $f_{\text {max }}$ |  |  | 500 |  | 500 |  | MHz |
| $\mathrm{tpd}^{\ddagger}$ | CLK and CLK | Q | 1.1 | 2.5 | 1.1 | 2.2 | ns |
| tPHL | $\overline{\text { RESET }}$ | Q |  | 5 |  | 5 | ns |

$\dagger$ For this test condition, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDQ}}$ always is equal to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$.
$\ddagger$ Single-bit switching
output slew rates over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

| PARAMETER | FROM | то | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{V} \mathrm{CC}=2.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~V} \dagger \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{VCC}=2.6 \mathrm{~V} \\ \pm 0.1 \mathrm{~V} \dagger \end{gathered}$ |  | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |  |
| dV/dt_r | 20\% | 80\% | 1 | 4 | 1 | 4 | V/ns |
| dV/dt_f | 80\% | 20\% | 1 | 4 | 1 | 4 | V/ns |
| dV/dt_ ® $^{\text {S }}$ | 20\% or 80\% | 80\% or $20 \%$ |  | 1 |  | 1 | V/ns |

$\dagger$ For this test condition, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDQ}}$ always is equal to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$.
§ Difference between $d V / d t \_r$ (rising edge rate) and $d V / d t \_f$ (falling edge rate).

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION } \\
& \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~V} \text { AND } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.6 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.1 \mathrm{~V}
\end{aligned}
$$



LOAD CIRCUIT



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS PROPAGATION DELAY TIMES


VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
HIGH-TO-LOW SLEW-RATE MEASUREMENT


VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
LOW-TO-HIGH SLEW-RATE MEASUREMENT
NOTES: A. $C_{L}$ includes probe and jig capacitance.
B. $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ tested with clock and data inputs held at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND , and $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=0 \mathrm{~mA}$.
C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $\mathrm{PRR} \leq 10 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{O}}=50 \Omega$, input slew rate $=1 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{ns} \pm 20 \%$ (unless otherwise noted).
D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
E. $V_{T T}=V_{\text {REF }}=V_{D D Q} / 2$
F. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{REF}}+310 \mathrm{mV}$ (ac voltage levels) for differential inputs. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ for LVCMOS input.
G. $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {REF }}-310 \mathrm{mV}$ (ac voltage levels) for differential inputs. $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}=$ GND for LVCMOS input.
H. tPLH and tPHL are the same as tpd.

Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

INSTRUMENTS

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status <br> (1) | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | Eco Plan <br> (2) | Lead finish/ Ball material (6) | MSL Peak Temp <br> (3) | Op Temp ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | Device Marking <br> (4/5) | Samples |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SN74SSTVF16859G4R | LIFEBUY | VQFN | RGQ | 56 | 2000 | RoHS \& Green | SN | Level-3-260C-168 HR | 0 to 70 | SSF859 |  |
| SN74SSTVF16859GR | ACTIVE | TSSOP | DGG | 64 | 2000 | RoHS \& Green | NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR | 0 to 70 | SSTVF16859 | Samples |
| SN74SSTVF16859S8 | LIFEBUY | VQFN | RGQ | 56 | 2000 | RoHS \& Green | SN | Level-3-260C-168 HR | 0 to 70 | SSF859 |  |

${ }^{(1)}$ The marketing status values are defined as follows:
ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.
LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.
NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but Tl does not recommend using this part in a new design
PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available
OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.
${ }^{(2)}$ RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed $0.1 \%$ by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".
RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.
Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.
${ }^{(3)}$ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature
${ }^{(4)}$ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device
${ }^{(5)}$ Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
${ }^{(6)}$ Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION


*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package <br> Type | Package <br> Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Reel <br> Diameter <br> $(\mathbf{m m})$ | Reel <br> Width <br> $\mathbf{W 1}(\mathbf{m m})$ | A0 <br> $(\mathbf{m m})$ | B0 <br> $(\mathbf{m m})$ | K0 <br> $(\mathbf{m m})$ | P1 <br> $(\mathbf{m m})$ | W <br> $(\mathbf{m m})$ | Pin1 <br> Quadrant |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SN74SSTVF16859GR | TSSOP | DGG | 64 | 2000 | 330.0 | 24.4 | 8.4 | 17.3 | 1.7 | 12.0 | 24.0 | Q1 |


*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SN74SSTVF16859GR | TSSOP | DGG | 64 | 2000 | 367.0 | 367.0 | 45.0 |



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. QFN (Quad Flatpack No-Lead) Package configuration.

D The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance. See the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad dimensions.
E. Package complies to JEDEC MO-220 variation VLLD-2.

## RGQ (S-PVQFN-N56) <br> PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD

THERMAL INFORMATION
This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external
heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No-Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.


Bottom View<br>Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions<br>4206347/D 12/10

NOTE: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters


NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Publication IPC-SM-782 is recommended for alternate designs.
D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, Quad Flat-Pack Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com <http: //www.ti.com>.
E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for recommended solder mask tolerances and via tenting recommendations for vias placed in the thermal pad.

48 PINS SHOWN


NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body dimensions do not include mold protrusion not to exceed 0,15.
D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

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[^0]:    $\dagger$ For this test condition, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DDQ}}$ always is equal to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$.
    $\ddagger$ All typical values are at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
    $\S$ Measured at $50-\mathrm{MHz}$ input frequency

