## SN74LV4052A-Q1 Dual 4-Channel Analog Multiplexers and Demultiplexers

## 1 Features

- Qualified for Automotive Applications
- AEC-Q100 Qualified With the Following Results:
- Device Temperature Grade 1: $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Ambient Operating Temperature Range
- Device HBM ESD Classification Level 2
- Device CDM ESD Classification Level C4B
- Supports Mixed-Mode Voltage Operation on All Ports
- Fast Switching
- High On-Off Output-Voltage Ratio
- Low Crosstalk Between Switches
- Extremely Low Input Current


## 2 Applications

- Automotive:
- Signal Gating
- Chopping
- Modulation or Demodulation (Modem)
- Signal Multiplexing for Analog-to-Digital and Digital-to-Analog Conversion Systems


## 3 Description

These dual 4-channel CMOS analog multiplexers and demultiplexers are designed for $2-\mathrm{V}$ to $5.5-\mathrm{V} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ operation.
The SN7LV4052A-Q1 devices handle both analog and digital signals. Each channel permits signals with amplitudes up to 5.5 V (peak).
Applications include signal gating, chopping, modulation or demodulation (modem), and signal multiplexing for analog-to-digital and digital-to-analog conversion systems.

## Device Information ${ }^{(1)}$

| PART NUMBER | PACKAGE | BODY SIZE (NOM) |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| SN74LV4052A-Q1 | TSSOP $(16)$ | $5.00 \mathrm{~mm} \times 4.40 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
|  | SOIC $(16)$ | $9.90 \mathrm{~mm} \times 3.91 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.


An IMPORTANT NOTICE at the end of this data sheet addresses availability, warranty, changes, use in safety-critical applications, intellectual property matters and other important disclaimers. PRODUCTION DATA.

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4 Revision History
NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.
Changes from Revision E (November 2012) to Revision F Page

- Added ESD Ratings table, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section ..... 4
Changes from Revision D (June 2011) to Revision E Page
- Deleted $\theta_{\mathrm{JA}}$ row from Absolute Maximum Ratings table ..... 4
- Added Thermal Information table ..... 5
- Corrected second row of Function Table ..... 11


## 5 Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

| PIN |  | $1 / 0^{(1)}$ | DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NO. | NAME |  |  |
| 1 | 2 Y 0 | $\mathrm{I}^{(1)}$ | Input to mux 2 |
| 2 | 2 Y 2 | $1^{(1)}$ | Input to mux 2 |
| 3 | 2-COM | $\mathrm{O}^{(1)}$ | Output of mux 2 |
| 4 | 2 Y 3 | $\mathrm{I}^{(1)}$ | Input to mux 2 |
| 5 | 2 Y 1 | $\mathrm{I}^{(1)}$ | Input to mux 2 |
| 6 | INH | 1 | Enables the outputs of the device. Logic low level with turn the outputs on, high level will turn them off. |
| 7 | GND | - | Ground |
| 8 | GND | - | Ground |
| 9 | B | 1 | Selector line for outputs (see Device Functional Modes for specific information) |
| 10 | A | 1 | Selector line for outputs (see Device Functional Modes for specific information) |
| 11 | 1Y3 | $\mathrm{I}^{(1)}$ | Input to mux 1 |
| 12 | 1Y0 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | Input to mux 1 |
| 13 | 1-COM | $\mathrm{O}^{(1)}$ | Output of mux 1 |
| 14 | 1Y1 | $\mathrm{I}^{(1)}$ | Input to mux 1 |
| 15 | 1Y2 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | Input to mux 1 |
| 16 | Vcc | 1 | Device power input |

(1) These I/O descriptions represent the device when used as a multiplexer, when this device is operated as a demultiplexer pins $1 \mathrm{Y} 0,1 \mathrm{Y} 1$, $1 \mathrm{Y} 2,1 \mathrm{Y} 3,2 \mathrm{Y} 0,2 \mathrm{Y} 1,2 \mathrm{Y} 2$, 2 Y 3 may be considered outputs ( O ) and pins $1-\mathrm{COM}$ and 2 -COM may be considered inputs ( I ).

## 6 Specifications

### 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings ${ }^{(1)}$

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

|  |  |  | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Supply voltage range |  | -0.5 | 7 | V |
| $V_{1}$ | Input voltage range ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | -0.5 | 7 |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{1 \mathrm{O}}$ | Switch I/O voltage range ${ }^{(2)(3)}$ |  | -0.5 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+0.5$ |  |
| $\mathrm{l}_{\text {IK }}$ | Input clamp current | $\mathrm{V}_{1}<0$ | -20 |  | mA |
| $\mathrm{l}_{\text {IOK }}$ | I/O diode current | $\mathrm{V}_{10}<0$ | -50 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{T}}$ | Switch through current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IO}}=0$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |  | $\pm 25$ |  |
| Continuous current through $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND |  |  |  | $\pm 50$ |  |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | Storage temperature ra |  | -65 | 150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
(2) The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
(3) The maximum limit for this value is 5.5 V .

### 6.2 ESD Ratings

|  |  |  |  | VALUE | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {(ESD) }}$ | Electrostatic discharge | Human body model (HBM), per AEC Q100-002 ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | $\pm 2000$ | V |
|  |  | Charged device model (CDM), per AEC Q100-011 | Corner pins (2Y0, GND, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$, and B) | $\pm 750$ |  |
|  |  |  | Other pins | $\pm 500$ |  |

(1) AEC Q100-002 indicates HBM stressing is done in accordance with the ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 specification.

### 6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions ${ }^{(1)}$

|  |  |  | MIN | NOM MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Supply voltage |  | $2^{(2)}$ | 5.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | High-level input voltage, control inputs | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.5 |  | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ to 2.7 V | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \times 0.7$ |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \times 0.7$ |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to 5.5 V | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \times 0.7$ |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ | Low-level input voltage, control inputs | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 0.5 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ to 2.7 V |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \times 0.3$ |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \times 0.3$ |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to 5.5 V |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \times 0.3$ |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ | Control input voltage |  | 0 | 5.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{10}$ | Input/output voltage |  | 0 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | V |
| $\begin{aligned} & \Delta \mathrm{t} / \Delta \\ & \mathrm{V} \end{aligned}$ | Input transition rise or fall rate | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ to 2.7 V |  | 200 | ns/V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V |  | 100 |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to 5.5 V |  | 20 |  |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | Operating free-air temperature | SN74LV4052ATDRQ1, <br> SN74LV4052ATPWRQ1 | -40 | 105 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | Operating free-air temperature | SN74LV4052AQPWRQ1 | -40 | 125 |  |

(1) Hold all unused inputs of the device at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND to ensure proper device operation. See the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.
(2) With supply voltages at or near 2 V , the analog switch on-state resistance becomes very nonlinear. TI recommends transmitting only digital signals at these low supply voltages.

### 6.4 Thermal Information

| THERMAL METRIC |  | SN74LV4052A-Q1 |  | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | D | PW |  |
|  |  | 16 PINS | 16 PINS |  |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\theta \mathrm{JA}}$ | Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance | 85.9 | 113.3 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {өJC(top) }}$ | Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance | 44.6 | 48.1 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {өJB }}$ | Junction-to-board thermal resistance | 43.4 | 58.4 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| $\Psi_{\text {JT }}$ | Junction-to-top characterization parameter | 13.4 | 6.2 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| $\Psi_{\text {JB }}$ | Junction-to-board characterization parameter | 43.1 | 57.8 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |

### 6.5 Operating Characteristics

$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | TYP | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{pd}} \quad$ Power dissipation capacitance | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{MHz}$ | 11.8 | pF |

### 6.6 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER |  | TEST CONDITIONS | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40$ to $105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | MIN |  | TYP MAX | MIN | TYP MAX |  |
| $\mathrm{r}_{\text {on }}$ | On-state switch resistance |  | $\begin{aligned} & I_{\mathrm{T}}=2 \mathrm{~mA}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \text { or } \mathrm{GND}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\text {INH }}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}} \\ & \text { (see Figure } 1 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | 2.3 V |  | 225 |  | 225 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | 3 V |  |  | 190 |  | 190 |  |  |
|  |  | 4.5 V |  |  | 100 |  | 100 |  |  |
| $r_{\text {on( }}$ <br> p) | Peak on-state resistance | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{T}}=2 \mathrm{~mA}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \text { or GND, } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{INH}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}} \end{aligned}$ | 2.3 V |  | 600 |  | 600 | $\Omega$ |  |
|  |  |  | 3 V |  | 225 |  | 225 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 4.5 V |  | 125 |  | 125 |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \Delta r_{o} \\ & \mathrm{n} \end{aligned}$ | Difference in on-state resistance between switch | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{T}}=2 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \text { or } \text { or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{INH}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}} \end{aligned}$ | 2.3 V |  | 40 |  | 40 | $\Omega$ |  |
|  |  |  | 3 V |  | 30 |  | 30 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 4.5 V |  | 20 |  | 20 |  |  |
| 1 | Control input current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ or GND | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } \\ & 5.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\pm 1$ |  | $\pm 2$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & I_{S(\text { of }} \\ & \text { f) } \end{aligned}$ | Off-state switch leakage current | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \text { and } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=\mathrm{GND}, \text { or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{GND} \text { and } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\text {INH }}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}} \\ & \text { (see Figure 2) } \end{aligned}$ | 5.5 V |  | $\pm 1$ |  | $\pm 2$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{S}(\mathrm{o}}$ <br> n) | On-state switch leakage current | $\begin{aligned} & \hline V_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \text { or GND, } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\text {INH }}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}} \\ & \text { (see Figure 3) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 5.5 V |  | $\pm 1$ |  | $\pm 2$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Supply current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND | 5.5 V |  | 20 |  | 40 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |  |

### 6.7 Switching Characteristics $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)


### 6.8 Switching Characteristics $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FROM } \\ & \text { (INPUT) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { TO } \\ \text { (OUTPUT } \end{gathered}$ | TEST CONDITIONS | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40$ to $105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | MIN |  |  | TYP MAX | MIN | TYP MAX |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PLH}} \\ & \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PHL}} \end{aligned}$ | Propagation delay time |  | COM or Y | Y or COM | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF} \\ \text { (see Figure 4) } \end{gathered}$ |  | 8 |  | 10 | ns |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}_{\text {PZH }} \\ & \mathrm{t}_{\text {PZL }} \end{aligned}$ | Enable delay time | INH | COM or Y | $\begin{gathered} C_{L}=50 \mathrm{pF} \\ \text { (see Figure 5) } \end{gathered}$ |  | 18 |  | 18 | ns |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PHZ}} \\ & \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PLZ}} \end{aligned}$ | Disable delay time | INH | COM or Y | $\begin{gathered} C_{L}=50 \mathrm{pF} \\ \text { (see Figure 5) } \end{gathered}$ |  | 18 |  | 18 | ns |

### 6.9 Analog Switch Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | FROM (INPUT) | $\begin{gathered} \text { TO } \\ \text { (OUTPUT) } \end{gathered}$ | TEST CONDITIONS |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cc }}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | MIN | TYP | MAX |  |
| Frequency response (switch on) | COM or Y | Y or COM | $\begin{aligned} & C_{L}=50 \mathrm{pF}, \\ & R_{L}=600 \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{f}_{\text {in }}=1 \mathrm{MHz} \text { (sine wave) }{ }^{(1)} \\ & \text { (see Figure 6) }^{2} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 2.3 V |  | 30 |  | MHz |
|  |  |  |  |  | 3 V |  | 35 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 4.5 V |  | 50 |  |  |  |
| Crosstalk (between any switches)) | COM or Y | Y or COM | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{f}_{\text {in }}=1 \mathrm{MHz} \text { (sine wave) } \\ & \text { (seeFigure } 7 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ |  | 2.3 V |  | -45 |  | dB |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 3 V |  | -45 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 4.5 V |  | -45 |  |  |  |
| Crosstalk (control input to signal output) | INH | COM or Y | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{i}}=1 \mathrm{MHz} \text { (square wave) } \\ & \text { (see Figure 8) } \end{aligned}$ |  | 2.3 V |  | 20 |  | mV |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 3 V |  | 35 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 4.5 V |  | 65 |  |  |  |
| Feedthrough attenuation (switch off) | COM or Y | Y or COM | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{f}_{\text {in }}=1 \mathrm{MHz} \mathrm{MH}^{(2)} \\ & \text { (see Figure 9) } \end{aligned}$ |  | 2.3 V |  | -45 |  | dB |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 3 V |  | -45 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 4.5 V |  | -45 |  |  |  |
| Sine-wave distortion | COM or $Y$ | Y or COM | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{kS}, \\ & \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{in}}=1 \mathrm{kHz} \text { (sine } \\ & \text { wave) } \\ & \text { (see Figure 10) } \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=2 \mathrm{Vp}-\mathrm{p}$ | 2.3 V |  | 0.1\% |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=2.5 \mathrm{Vp}-\mathrm{p}$ | 3 V |  | 0.1\% |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=4 \mathrm{Vp}-\mathrm{p}$ | 4.5 V |  | 0.1\% |  |  |  |

(1) Adjust $f_{\text {in }}$ voltage to obtain $0-\mathrm{dBm}$ output. Increase fin frequency until dB meter reads -3 dB .
(2) Adjust $f_{\text {in }}$ voltage to obtain $0-\mathrm{dBm}$ input.

## 7 Parameter Measurement Information



Figure 1. On-State Resistance Test Circuit


Condition 1: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$
Condition 2: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0$
Figure 2. Off-State Switch Leakage-Current Test Circuit


Figure 3. On-State Switch Leakage-Current Test Circuit


Figure 4. Propagation Delay Time, Signal Input to Signal Output


Figure 5. Switching Time ( $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PZL }}, \mathrm{t}_{\text {PLZ }}, \mathrm{t}_{\text {PZH }}, \mathrm{t}_{\text {PHZ }}$ ), Control to Signal Output


NOTE A: $f_{\text {in }}$ is a sine wave.
Figure 6. Frequency Response (Switch On)


Figure 7. Crosstalk Between Any Two Switches


Figure 8. Crosstalk Between Control Input and Switch Output


Figure 9. Feedthrough Attenuation (Switch Off)


Figure 10. Sine-Wave Distortion

## 8 Detailed Description

### 8.1 Overview

This device is a dual 4-channel analog multiplexer. A multiplexer is often used when several signals need to share the same device or resource. This device allows the selection of one of these signals at a time for analysis or propagation.

### 8.2 Functional Block Diagram



### 8.3 Feature Description

This device contains 2 separate 4 -channel multiplexers for use in a variety of applications. The 4 -channel multiplexers can also be configured as demultiplexers by using the COM pins as inputs and the 1 Yx or 2 Yx pins as outputs. This device is qualified for automotive applications and has an extended temperature range of -40C to 125C (maximum depends on package type).

### 8.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 1. Function Table

| INPUTS |  |  | ON |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INH | B | A | CHANNEL |
| L | L | L | $1 \mathrm{YO}, 2 \mathrm{Y} 0$ |
| L | L | H | $1 \mathrm{Y}, 2 \mathrm{Y} 1$ |
| L | H | L | $1 \mathrm{Y} 2,2 \mathrm{Y} 2$ |
| L | H | H | $1 \mathrm{Y} 3,2 \mathrm{Y} 3$ |
| H | X | X | None |

## 9 Application and Implementation

## NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the Tl component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

### 9.1 Application Information

A multiplexer is used in applications where multiple signals share a resource. In the example below, several different sensors are connected to the analog-to-digital converter (ADC) of a microcontroller (MCU).

### 9.2 Typical Application



Figure 11. Typical Application Schematic

### 9.2.1 Design Requirements

Normally processing 8 different analog signals would require 8 separate ADCs, but this figure shows how to achieve this using only 2 ADCs and 3 GPIOs (general purpose input/outputs).

### 9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To design with the SN74LV4052A-Q1, a stable input voltage between 2V (see Recommended Operating Conditions ${ }^{(1)}$ for details) and 5.5 V must be available. Another important design consideration would be the characteristics of the signal that is being multiplexed to make sure no important information is lost due to timing or voltage level incompatibility with this device.
(1) Hold all unused inputs of the device at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND to ensure proper device operation. See the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.

## 10 Power Supply Recommendations

Most systems have a common 3.3 V or 5 V rail that may be used to supply the $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ pin of this device. If this is not available, a Switch-Mode-Power-Supply (SMPS) or a Linear Dropout Regulator (LDO) may be used to supply this device from a higher voltage rail.

## 11 Layout

### 11.1 Layout Guidelines

In general, it is best to keep signal lines as short and as straight as possible. Incorporation of microstrip or stripline techniques is also recommended when signal lines are greater than 1 inch in length. These traces must be designed with a characteristic impedance of either $50 \Omega$ or $75 \Omega$,as required by the application. Be careful placing this device too close to high voltage switching components, as they may cause interference.

### 11.2 Layout Example



Figure 12. Layout Example Schematic

## 12 Device and Documentation Support

### 12.1 Trademarks

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

### 12.2 Electrostatic Discharge Caution

AThese devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

### 12.3 Glossary

SLYZ022 - TI Glossary.
This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

INSTRUMENTS

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status <br> (1) | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | Eco Plan <br> (2) | Lead finish/ Ball material <br> (6) | MSL Peak Temp <br> (3) | Op Temp ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | Device Marking <br> (4/5) | Samples |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CLV4052ATPWRG4Q1 | LIFEBUY | TSSOP | PW | 16 | 2000 | RoHS \& Green | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 105 | L4052AQ |  |
| SN74LV4052AQPWRQ1 | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 16 | 2000 | RoHS \& Green | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | 4052AQ1 | Samples |
| SN74LV4052ATDRQ1 | NRND | SOIC | D | 16 | 2500 | RoHS \& Green | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 105 | L4052AQ |  |
| SN74LV4052ATPWRQ1 | LIFEBUY | TSSOP | PW | 16 | 2000 | RoHS \& Green | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 105 | L4052AQ |  |

${ }^{(1)}$ The marketing status values are defined as follows:
ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.
LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.
NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design. PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.
OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.
${ }^{(2)}$ RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed $0.1 \%$ by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".
RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.
Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the $<=1000$ ppm threshold requirement.
${ }^{(3)}$ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature
${ }^{(4)}$ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
${ }^{(5)}$ Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a " $\sim$ " will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
${ }^{(6)}$ Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN74LV4052A-Q1 :

- Catalog : SN74LV4052A
- Enhanced Product : SN74LV4052A-EP

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Catalog - TI's standard catalog product
- Enhanced Product - Supports Defense, Aerospace and Medical Applications

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION


TAPE DIMENSIONS


| A0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component width |
| :---: | :--- |
| B0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component length |
| K0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness |
| W | Overall width of the carrier tape |
| P1 | Pitch between successive cavity centers |

- Reel Width (W1)

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE

*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package <br> Type | Package <br> Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Reel <br> Diameter <br> $(\mathbf{m m})$ | Reel <br> Width <br> W1 (mm) | A0 <br> $(\mathbf{m m})$ | B0 <br> $(\mathbf{m m})$ | K0 <br> $(\mathbf{m m})$ | P1 <br> $(\mathbf{m m})$ | W <br> $(\mathbf{m m})$ | Pin1 <br> Quadrant |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CLV4052ATPWRG4Q1 | TSSOP | PW | 16 | 2000 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 6.9 | 5.6 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| SN74LV4052AQPWRQ1 | TSSOP | PW | 16 | 2000 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 6.9 | 5.6 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| SN74LV4052ATPWRQ1 | TSSOP | PW | 16 | 2000 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 6.9 | 5.6 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |


*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CLV4052ATPWRG4Q1 | TSSOP | PW | 16 | 2000 | 367.0 | 367.0 | 35.0 |
| SN74LV4052AQPWRQ1 | TSSOP | PW | 16 | 2000 | 356.0 | 356.0 | 35.0 |
| SN74LV4052ATPWRQ1 | TSSOP | PW | 16 | 2000 | 356.0 | 356.0 | 35.0 |

D (R-PDSO-G16)


NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed $0.006(0,15)$ each side.
D Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed $0.017(0,43)$ each side.
E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AC.

D (R-PDSO-G16)


NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.


NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.


NOTES: (continued)
6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.


SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL SCALE: 10X

NOTES: (continued)
8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

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