

TPS92205xEVM 65-V, 2-A/4-A Buck LED Driver Evaluation Module



ABSTRACT

This user's guide describes the TPS92205x evaluation module, including TPS922055DMTREV, TPS922055DRRREV and TPS922053DYYREV. This user's guide is used as a reference for engineering evaluation. Included in this user's guide are test setup instructions, characteristics curves and waveforms, a schematic diagram, a printed board (PCB) layout, and a bill of materials (BOM).

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1 Introduction

The TPS92205x EVM evaluation module (EVM) helps designers evaluate the operation and performance of the TPS92205x non-synchronous buck switching regulator designed for high-current and ultra-deep dimming ratio LED driver applications. The TPS92205x is a 2-A/4-A non-synchronous buck LED driver and features a wide input voltage range (4.5-V to 65-V) and four dimming options, including analog dimming, PWM dimming, hybrid dimming and flexible dimming. Each dimming mode can be configured through the PWM/EN and ADIM/HD input pins by means of simple high/low signals. It also provides full protections, including LED open protection and short protection, sense resistor open protection and short protection, configurable thermal foldback and thermal shutdown. The TPS92205x EVM evaluation module (EVM) series include TPS922055DMTREV, TPS922055DRRREV and TPS922053DYYREV.

2 Warnings and Cautions

Observe the following precautions when using the TPS92205xEVM.

WARNING



When choosing an LED component (not included with this EVM) the end-user must consult the LED data sheet supplied by the LED manufacturer to identify the EN62471 Risk Group Rating and review any potential eye hazards associated with the LED chosen. Always consider and implement the use of effective light filtering and darkening protective eyewear and be fully aware of surrounding laboratory-type set-ups when viewing intense light sources that may be required to minimize or eliminate such risks in order to avoid accidents related to temporary blindness.

3 Description

The TPS92205xEVM provides an LED driver based on the TPS92205x buck switching regulator. It is designed to operate with an input voltage in the range of 4.5 V to 65 V. The EVM is set up for a default output current of 4A and can work in four configurable dimming options. Please refer to TPS92205x datasheet (literature number: SLVSGG9) for more detailed information on configurable dimming options. By applying 0-100% duty cycle PWM signal on ADIM/HD pin or PWM/EN pin, device is able to operate in analog dimming or PWM dimming respectively. For analog dimming, it can provide dimming ratio up to 256:1. For PWM dimming, it can output pulse with width down to 200 ns. The TPS92205x integrates hybrid dimming mode that combines analog dimming and PWM dimming with a fixed transition point (1/8 target current) to maximize dimming performance. To further increase the flexibility of dimming control, flexible dimming mode is also available to independently control LED current value and the on/off behavior. The TPS92205x can provide features like wide voltage range, high current rating and ultra-deep dimming range.

3.1 Typical Applications

This design describes an application of the TPS92205x as an LED driver using the following specifications. For applications with a different input voltage range or different output voltage and current, please refer to the TPS92205x datasheet.

Table 3-1 lists the electrical performance specifications.

Table 3-1. TPS92205xEVM Electrical Performance Specifications

Parameter	Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	Units
Input voltage range, V_{IN}		4.5		60	V
LED forward voltage	Single white LED		3		V
Output voltage range, V_{OUT}	LED+ to LED-, depends on V_{IN}			60	V
Output current	3.3V, 100% duty, PWM input on ADIM/HD pin (TPS922055DMTREV, TPS922055DRRREV)		4		A
	3.3V, 100% duty, PWM input on ADIM/HD pin (TPS922053DYYREV)		2		A
Output current ripple	$V_{IN} = 48$ V, 7 white LEDs, 4-A output current		100		mApp
Analog dimming range	3.3-V PWM at ADIM/HD pin	1		100	%
Analog dimming frequency		0.1		100	kHz
PWM dimming range	3.3-V PWM at PWM/EN pin	1		100	%
PWM dimming frequency		0.1		50	kHz
Switching frequency			400		kHz
Efficiency	$V_{IN} = 48$ V, 7 white LEDs, 4-A output current		95		%

4 Test Setup

This section describes the connectors and test points on the EVM and how to properly connect, setup, and use the TPS92205xEVM.

4.1 Connector Description

Table 4-1. EVM Connectors and Test Points

Reference Designator	Function
J1	test point of external LDO output V_{LDO}
J2	connect to LED load (make sure the LED load has a maximum current rating larger than 4 A)
J3	SW test point
J4	PWM/EN optional connection to V_{LDO} or GND
J5	UVP test point
J6	FAULT test point
J7	ADIM/HD optional connection to V_{LDO} or GND
J8	compensation capacitor test point
J9, J10, J11, J12	GND test point
TP1, TP4	V_{IN} power input, also the power connection to anode of LED load
TP2, TP3	V_{IN} test point, also LED load anode test point
TP7	test point of the cathode of LED load
TP8	power connection to cathode of LED load
TP9	PWM/EN signal input
TP10	PWM/EN test point
TP11	VCC test point
TP12	ADIM/HD signal input
TP13	ADIM/HD test point
TP14	GND power connection

4.2 Input/Output Connection

A power supply capable of supplying 4 A must be connected to TP1 (VIN) and TP14 (GND) through a pair of 20-AWG wires. The LED load must be connected to TP4 & TP8 or J2 through a pair of 20-AWG wires. The positive terminal of the LED load should be connected to the TP4 or J2 terminal beside TP2 (VIN), and the negative terminal of the LED load should be connected to TP8 or J2 terminal beside TP7. Wires should be twisted and kept as short as possible to minimize voltage drop, inductance, and EMI transmission.

TP9 and TP12 are the input terminals for control signals of different dimming modes. The configuration to one of the four dimming modes are shown in Table 4-2. For high signal, the DC voltage level should be higher than 1.2V, typically 3.3V. For PWM signal on PWM/EN pin or ADIM/HD pin, it should be a square wave with a low level of GND and a high level voltage higher than 1.2 V, typically 3.3 V. The dimming frequency should be in the range of 0.1 kHz and 50 kHz for PWM signal at PWM/EN pin. While for PWM signal on ADIM/HD pin, dimming frequency should be within 0.1 kHz and 100 kHz.

Table 4-2. Dimming Mode Configuration

Dimming Mode	PWM/EN Pin	ADIM/HD Pin
PWM Dimming	PWM signal	High
Analog Dimming	High	PWM signal
Hybrid Dimming	PWM signal	Low
Flexible Dimming	PWM signal	PWM signal

5 Typical Characteristics Curves and Waveforms

This section describes the typical characteristics of the TPS92205xEVM with curves and waveforms from the test. The ambient temperature for test is 25°C, unless otherwise noted. Several LEDs may be paralleled in the test to increase the overall current capability of the load.

5.1 Efficiency

Figure 5-1 shows the efficiency versus input duty cycle in analog dimming mode. The full-scale LED current I_{FS} is set at 4 A. The frequency of the input PWM signal at the ADIM/HD pin is 20 kHz. Input voltage V_{IN} is 48 V. The load is 8 white LEDs in series.

Figure 5-2 shows the efficiency versus input duty cycle in PWM dimming mode. The full-scale LED current I_{FS} is set at 4 A. The frequency of the input PWM signal at the PWM/EN pin is 20 kHz. Input voltage V_{IN} is 48 V. The load is 8 white LEDs in series.

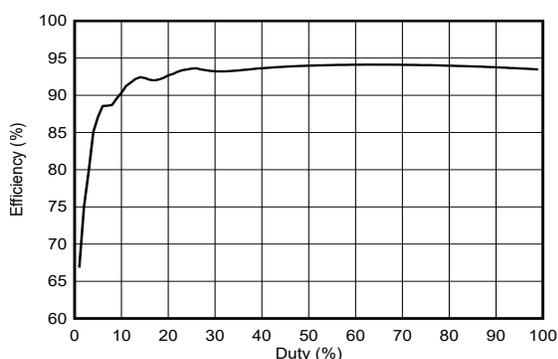


Figure 5-1. Efficiency vs. Input Duty Cycle in Analog Dimming Mode

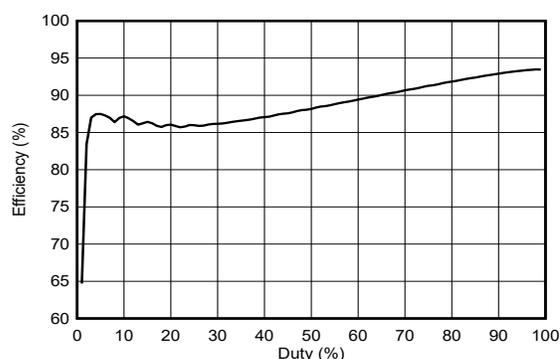


Figure 5-2. Efficiency vs. Input Duty Cycle in PWM Dimming Mode

5.2 Line Regulation

Figure 5-3 shows the output current deviation ratio vs. input voltage. Input voltage is 48V. 7 white LEDs in series are used as load. The LED current is set at 4A and 2A, respectively.



Figure 5-3. LED Current Deviation vs. Input Voltage

5.3 Load Regulation

Figure 5-4 shows the LED current deviation vs. the number of LEDs in series in analog dimming mode. Input voltage V_{IN} is set at 48 V. LED current is set at 1 A and 4 A with analog dimming. White LEDs are used as load. The number of LEDs in series is 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12, respectively. The frequency of the input PWM signal at the ADIM/HD pin is 20 kHz.

Figure 5-5 shows the LED current deviation vs. the number of LEDs in series in PWM dimming mode. Input voltage V_{IN} is set at 48 V. LED current is set at 1 A and 4 A with PWM dimming. White LEDs are used as load. The number of LEDs in series is 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12, respectively. The frequency of the input PWM signal at the PWM/EN pin is 20 kHz.

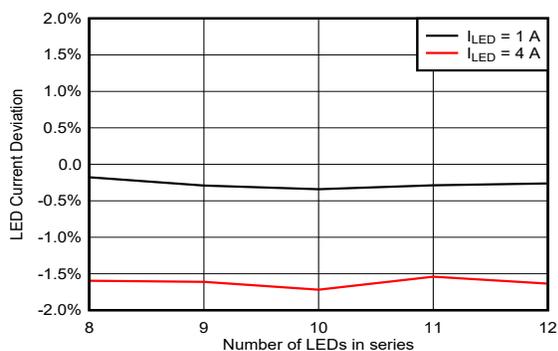


Figure 5-4. LED Current Deviation vs. Number of LEDs in Series in Analog Dimming Mode

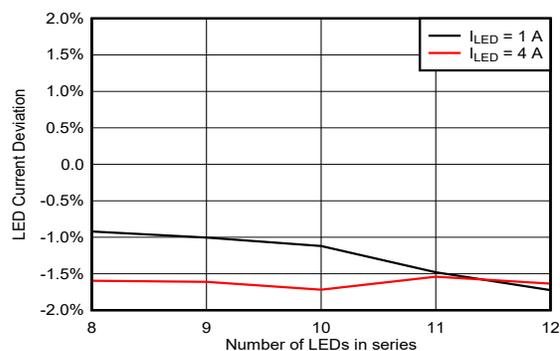


Figure 5-5. LED Current Deviation vs. Number of LEDs in Series in PWM Dimming Mode

5.4 Analog Dimming Performance

Figure 5-6 gives the test result of linearity of analog dimming, in comparison with the theoretical value. Input voltage is 48V, with 7 white LEDs in series used as load. The full-scale LED current is set at 4.0 A. The frequency of the input PWM signal at the ADIM/HD pin is 20 kHz.

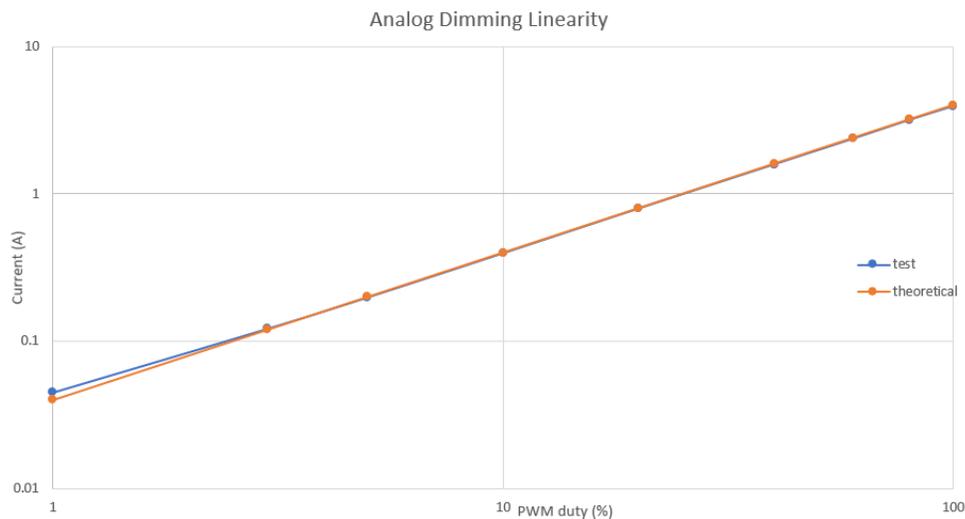


Figure 5-6. Analog Dimming Linearity

5.5 PWM Dimming Performance

Figure 5-7, Figure 5-8, and Figure 5-9 show the PWM dimming waveforms at 10%, 50%, and 90% duty cycles, respectively. Input voltage is 48 V, with 7 white LEDs in series used as load. The full-scale LED current is set at 4.0 A. The frequency of the input PWM signal at the PWM/EN pin is 20 kHz.

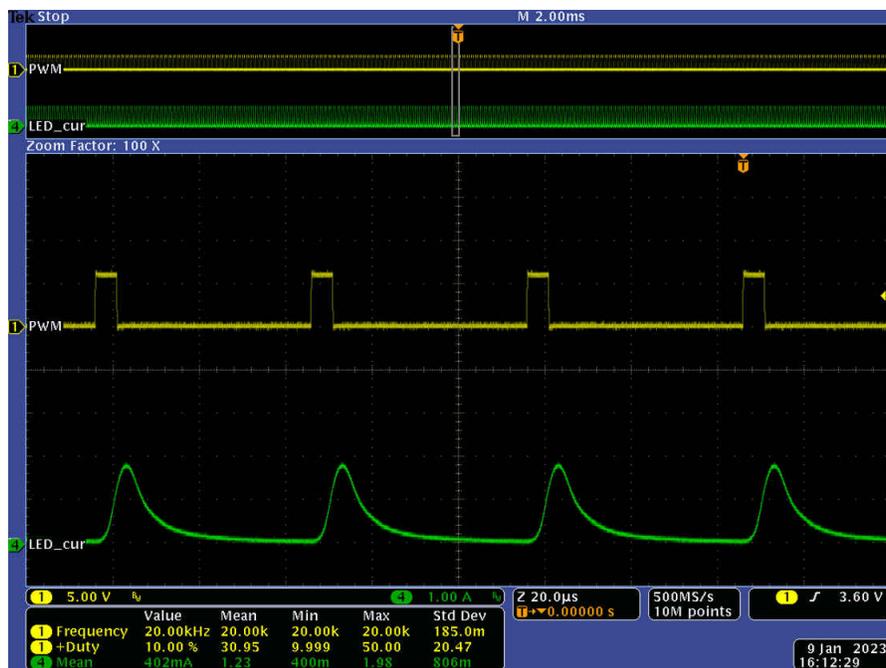


Figure 5-7. Waveforms at 10% Duty Cycle, 20 kHz PWM Dimming



Figure 5-8. Waveforms at 50% Duty Cycle, 20 kHz PWM Dimming

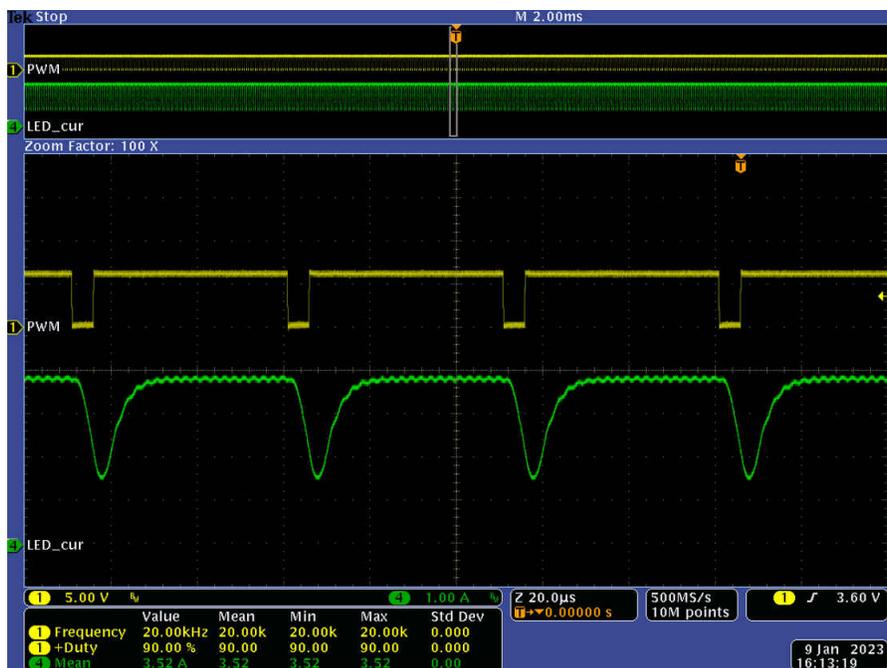


Figure 5-9. Waveforms at 90% Duty Cycle, 20 kHz PWM Dimming

Figure 5-10 gives the test result of linearity of PWM dimming, in comparison with the theoretical value. Input voltage is 48V, with 7 white LEDs in series used as load. The full-scale LED current is set at 4 A. The frequency of the input PWM signal at the PWM/EN pin is 20 kHz.

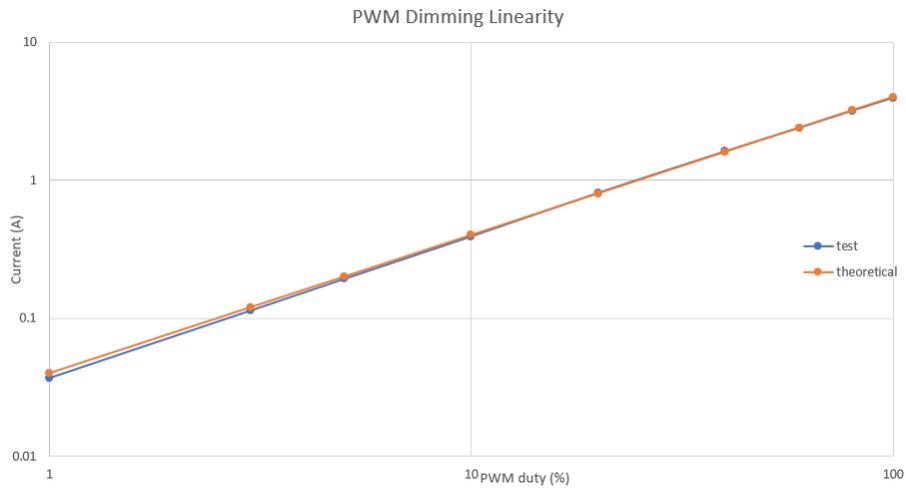


Figure 5-10. PWM Dimming Linearity

5.6 Hybrid Dimming Performance

Figure 5-11, Figure 5-12 show the hybrid dimming waveforms at 10%, and 20% duty cycles, respectively. Input voltage is 48 V, with 7 white LEDs in series used as load. The full-scale LED current is set at 4 A. The ADIM/HD pin is always low. The frequency of the input PWM signal at the PWM/EN pin is 20 kHz.



Figure 5-11. Waveforms at 10% Duty Cycle, 20 kHz Hybrid Dimming



Figure 5-12. Waveforms at 20% Duty Cycle, 20 kHz Hybrid Dimming

When the hybrid dimming is enabled, the LED current is regulated by the analog dimming at high brightness level (12.5% ~ 100%) and by the PWM dimming at low brightness level (0%~12.5%).

Figure 5-13 gives the test result of linearity of hybrid dimming, in comparison with the theoretical value. Input voltage is 48V, with 7 white LEDs in series used as load. The full-scale LED current is set at 4 A. The frequency of the input PWM signal at the PWM/EN pin is 20 kHz.

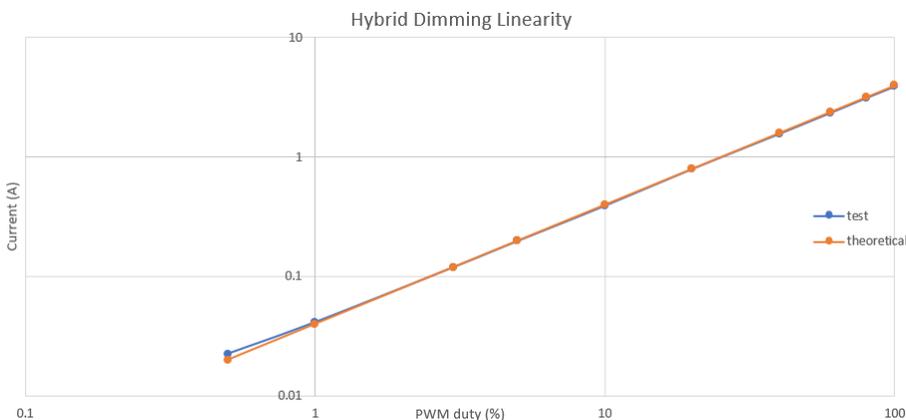


Figure 5-13. Hybrid Dimming Linearity

5.7 Flexible Dimming Performance

Figure 5-14, Figure 5-15 and Figure 5-16 show the flexible dimming waveforms at different ADIM/HD pin and PWM/EN pin input duty cycles. Input voltage is 48 V, with 7 white LEDs in series used as load. The full-scale LED current is set at 4 A. The frequency of the input PWM signal at the ADIM/HD pin and PWM/EN pin is 20 kHz.

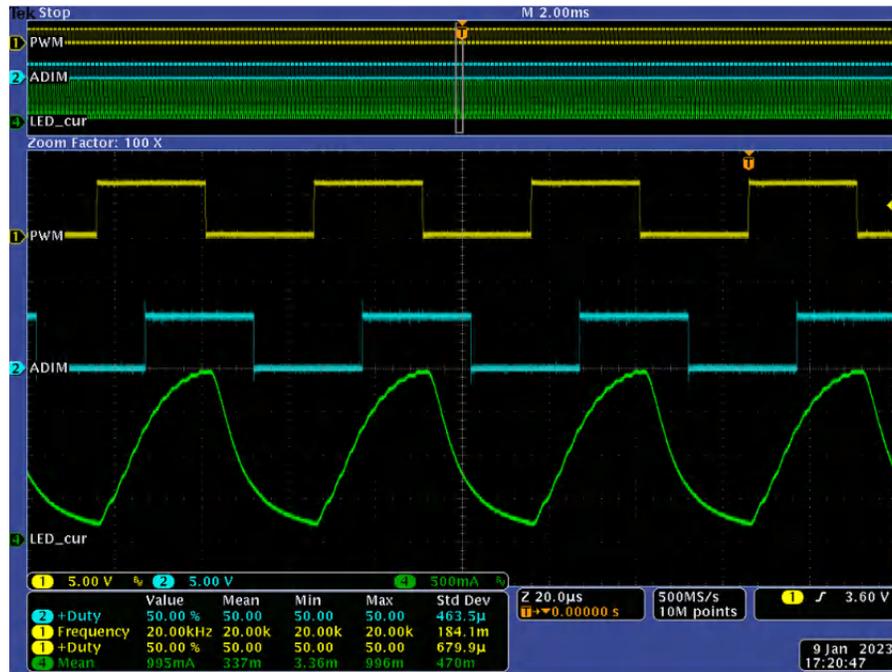


Figure 5-14. Waveforms at 50% Duty Cycle ADIM/HD and 50% Duty Cycle PWM/EN



Figure 5-15. Waveforms at 10% Duty Cycle ADIM/HD and 90% Duty Cycle PWM/EN



Figure 5-16. Waveforms at 90% Duty Cycle ADIM/HD and 10% Duty Cycle PWM/EN

7 Layout

Figure 7-1, Figure 7-2, Figure 7-3 and Figure 7-4 show the layout of the TPS922055DMTREV M printed circuit board (PCB). The only difference between TPS922055DMTREV M, TPS922055DRRREV M and TPS922053DYYREV M PCB layout is the main LED driver IC.

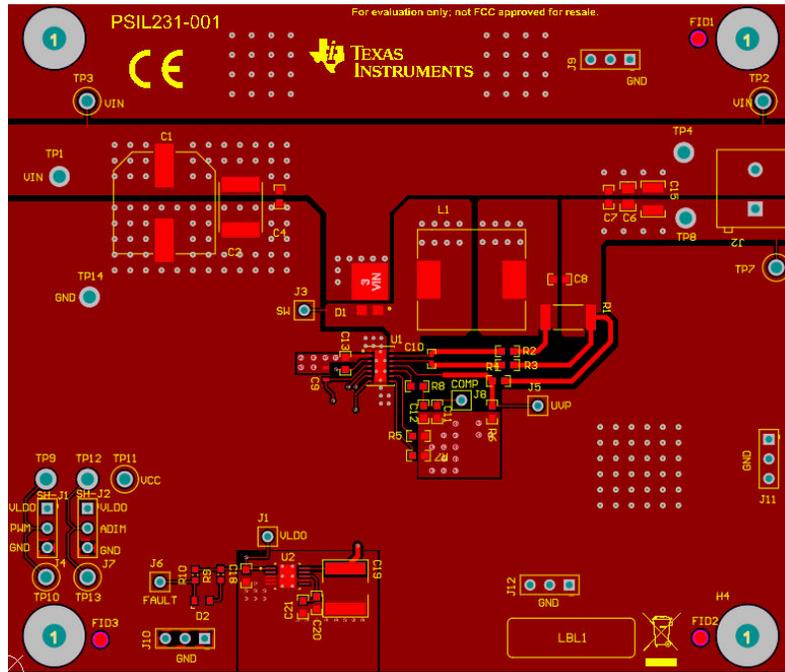


Figure 7-1. TPS922055DMTREV M Top Layer

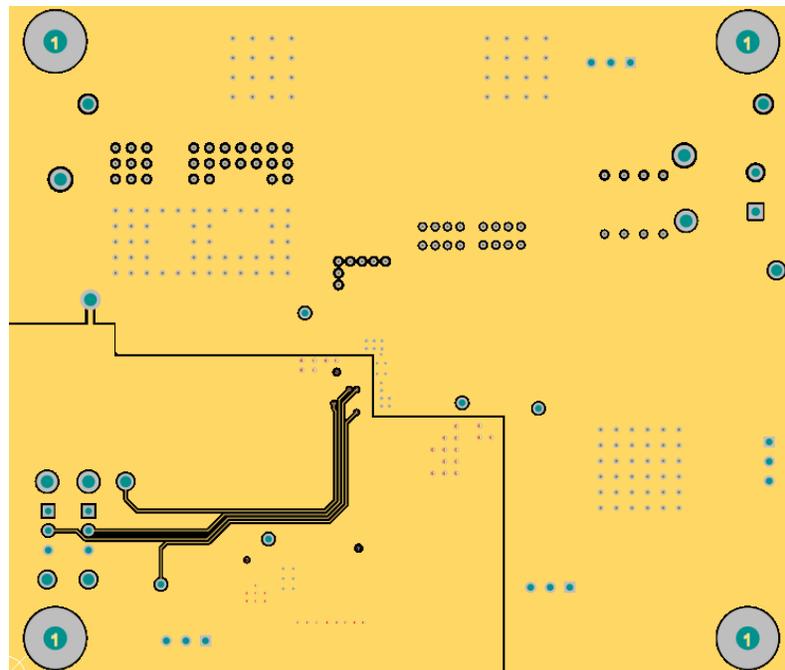


Figure 7-2. TPS922055DMTREV M Inner Layer 1

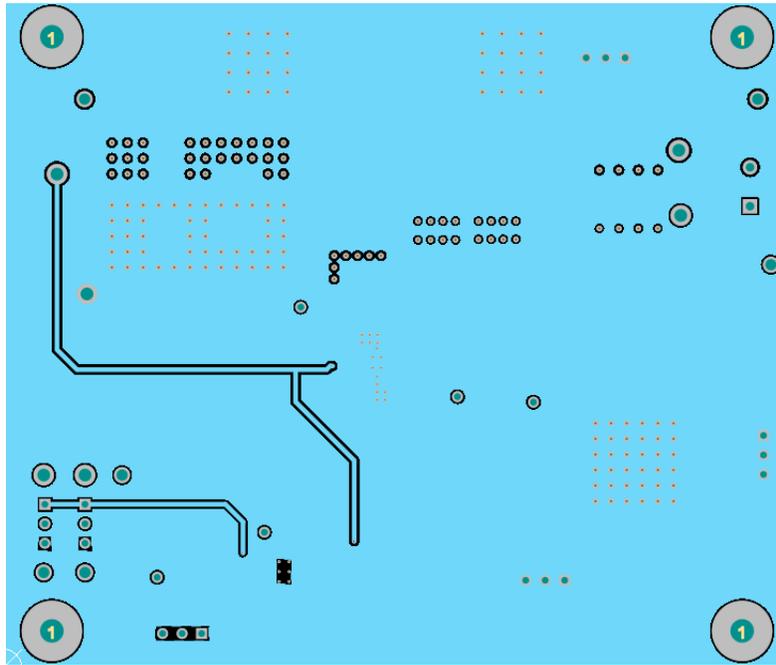


Figure 7-3. TPS922055DMTREV Inner Layer 2

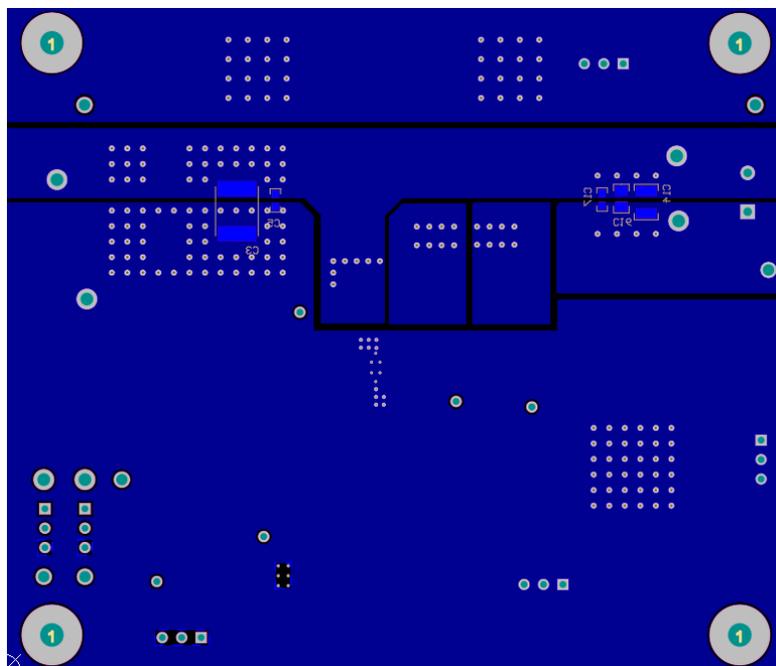


Figure 7-4. TPS922055DMTREV Bottom Layer

8 Bill of Materials

Table 8-1 shows the bill of materials for TPS92205xEVM.

Table 8-1. TPS92205xEVM Bill of Materials

Designator	Qty.	Value	Description	Package	Part Number	Manufacturer
C1	1	68 uF	CAP, AL, 68 uF, 100 V, +/- 20%, 0.26 ohm, SMD	CAPSMT_62_KG5	EMVH101ARA680MKG5S	Chem-Con
C2, C3	2	22 uF	CAP, CERM, 22 uF, VAC/100 VDC, +/- 20%, X7S, 6x5x5mm	CKG57N	CKG57NX7S2A226M500JJ	TDK
C4, C5, C7, C13, C17	5	0.1 uF	CAP, CERM, 0.1 uF, 100 V, +/- 10%, X7R, 0603	0603	GRM188R72A104KA35D	MuRata
C6, C16	2	1 uF	CAP, CERM, 1 uF, 100 V, +/- 10%, X7S, 0805	0805	C2012X7S2A105K125AE	TDK
C9	1	1 uF	CAP, CERM, 1 uF, 25 V, +/- 10%, X7R, AEC-Q200 Grade 1, 0603	0603	CGA3E1X7R1E105K080AC	TDK
C10	1	0.1 uF	CAP, CERM, 0.1 uF, 16 V, +/- 10%, X7R, AEC-Q200 Grade 1, 0402	0402	C0402C104K4RACAUTO	Kemet
C11, C12	2	0.01 uF	CAP, CERM, 0.01 uF, 10 V, +/- 10%, X7R, 0603	0603	0603ZC103KAT2A	AVX
C14, C15	2	2.2 uF	CAP, CERM, 2.2 uF, 100 V, +/- 10%, X7R, 1210	1210	HMK325B7225KN-T	Taiyo Yuden
C18	1	4.7 uF	CAP, CERM, 4.7 uF, 16 V, +/- 10%, X7R, 0603	0603	GRM188Z71C475KE21D	MuRata
C19	1	4.7 uF	CAP, CERM, 4.7 uF, 100 V, +/- 10%, X7R, AEC-Q200 Grade 1	2220	CGA9N2X7R2A475K230KA	TDK
C20	1	10 uF	CAP, CERM, 10 uF, 25 V, +/- 10%, X5R, 0603	0603	GRM188R61E106KA73D	MuRata
C21	1	4.7 uF	CAP, CERM, 4.7 uF, 25 V, +/- 10%, X6S, AEC-Q200 Grade 2, 0603	0603	GRT188C81E475KE13D	MuRata
D1	1		Diode, Schottky, 100 V, 12 A, AEC-Q101, TO-277A	TO-277A	FSV12100V	Fairchild Semiconductor
D2	1		LED, Super Red, SMD	VLMx0_Red	VLMS20J2L1-GS08	Vishay-Semiconductor
J1, J3, J5, J6, J8	5		Header, 100mil, 1x1, Gold, TH	Samtec_HTSW-101-09-x-S	HTSW-101-09-G-S	Samtec
J2	1		Terminal Block, 5.08 mm, 2x1, Brass, TH	On-Shore_ED120_2DS	ED120/2DS	On-Shore Technology
J4, J7, J9, J10, J11, J12	6		Header, 100mil, 3x1, Gold, TH	Samtec_HTSW-103-09-x-S	HTSW-103-09-G-S	Samtec
L1	1	10 uH	Inductor, Shielded, 10 uH, 10 A, 0.0132 ohm, AEC-Q200 Grade 0, SMD	SRP1265a	SRP1265A-100M	Bourns
R1	1	0.05	RES, 0.05, 1%, 2 W, 2512	2512	CSRN2512FK50L0	Stackpole Electronics Inc
R1	0	0.1	(Only for TPS922053DYYREVM) 100 mOhms ±0.5% 2W Chip Resistor 2512 (6432 Metric) Current Sense Metal Film	2512	PCS2512DR1000ET	Ohmite
R2, R3	2	0	RES, 0, 5%, 0.1 W, 0603	0603	CRCW06030000Z0EA	Vishay-Dale
R4	1	309 k	RES, 309 k, 1%, 0.1 W, AEC-Q200 Grade 0, 0603	0603	CRCW0603309KFKEA	Vishay-Dale
R5	1	52.3 k	RES, 52.3 k, 0.1%, 0.1 W, 0603	0603	RT0603BRD0752K3L	Yageo America
R6	1	102 k	RES, 102 k, 1%, 0.1 W, 0603	0603	CRCW0603102KFKEA	Vishay-Dale
R7	1	61.9 k	RES, 61.9 k, 0.1%, 0.1 W, 0603	0603	RT0603BRD0761K9L	Yageo America
R8	1	825	RES, 825, 1%, 0.1 W, 0603	0603	CRCW0603825RFKEA	Vishay-Dale
R9, R10	2	2.26 k	RES, 2.26 k, 1%, 0.1 W, AEC-Q200 Grade 0, 0603	0603	CRCW06032K26FKEA	Vishay-Dale
SH-J1, SH-J2	2		Shunt, 2.54mm, Gold, Black	Würth_60900213421	60900213421	Würth Elektronik
TP1, TP4, TP8, TP9, TP12, TP14	6		Terminal, Turret, TH, Double	Keystone1593-2	1593-2	Keystone
TP2, TP3	2		Test Point, Multipurpose, Red, TH	Keystone5010	5010	Keystone Electronics

Table 8-1. TPS92205xEVM Bill of Materials (continued)

Designator	Qty.	Value	Description	Package	Part Number	Manufacturer
TP7, TP10, TP11, TP13	4		Test Point, Multipurpose, Purple, TH	Keystone5129	5129	Keystone Electronics
U1	1		65-V 2-A/4-A Buck LED Driver with Inductive Fast Dimming and spread spectrum	VSON (14), WSON (12), SOT-23-THN (14)	TPS922055DMTR, TPS922055DRRR, TPS922053DYR	Texas Instruments
U2	1		LDO, Fixed Output, Dual, 3.3V, 10/12/15V, 50mA, Precision Enable, Power-Good, HVSSOP10	HVSSOP10	TPS7A4333DGQ	Texas Instruments

9 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Revision * (May 2023) to Revision A (June 2023)	Page
• Changed function description for connectors.....	5
• Changed power supply input connection terminal.....	6
• Changed LED load connection terminal.....	6
• Changed PWM input pin name.....	6
• Changed schematic description.....	14
• Changed bill of materials.....	17

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