

This user's guide describes the operation of the DRV601EVM stereo line driver evaluation module and provides measurement data and design information such as the schematic, bill of materials, and printed-circuit board layout.

| Contents |
|----------|
|----------|

| | Overview | |
|---|--|----|
| 2 | Quick Setup Guide | 3 |
| 3 | Shutdown | 5 |
| 4 | Component Selection | 5 |
| 5 | Layout Recommendations | 7 |
| 6 | DRV601EVM Performance | 8 |
| 7 | Related Documentation from Texas Instruments | 19 |
| 8 | Design Documentation | 19 |

List of Figures

| 1 | DRV601EVM | . 2 |
|----|--|-----|
| 2 | DRV601 Functional Block Diagram | . 3 |
| 3 | DRV601EVM Physical Structure | . 3 |
| 4 | Power-Up/Down Sequence | . 5 |
| 5 | Second-Order, Active Low-Pass Filter | . 6 |
| 6 | THD+N vs Voltage (600 Ω) | . 9 |
| 7 | THD+N vs Voltage (600 Ω) | . 9 |
| 8 | THD+N vs Voltage (100-kΩ load) | 10 |
| 9 | THD+N vs Voltage (100-Ω load) Linear Scale | 10 |
| 10 | THD+N vs Voltage (600-Ω Load) | 11 |
| 11 | THD+N vs Voltage (100-kΩ Load) | 11 |
| 12 | THD+N vs Frequency (600-Ω Load) | 12 |
| 13 | THD+N vs Frequency (600-Ω Load) Using X7R Input Capacitors | 12 |
| 14 | FFT Spectrum With –60-dBFS Tone | |
| 15 | Idle Noise FFT Spectrum (BTL) | 13 |
| 16 | Channel Separation | 14 |
| 17 | Channel Separation, 10x Lower Feedback Impedance | 15 |
| 18 | Frequency Response | 15 |
| 19 | Phase Response | 16 |
| 20 | Pop/Click (Enable) | 17 |
| 21 | Pop/Click (Disable) | 18 |
| 22 | DRV601EVM PCB Component Placement Top | 21 |
| 23 | PCB Top Layer | 21 |
| 24 | PCB Bottom Layer | 22 |

List of Tables

| 1 | DRV601 Features | 2 |
|-----------------|--|---|
| 2 | Recommended Supply Voltage | 5 |
| 3 | DRV601EVM Specification | 6 |
| 4 | General Test Specifications | 8 |
| PurePath Digita | al, DirectPath, FilterPro are trademarks of Texas Instruments. | |

1



Overview

| 5 | Electrical Data | . 8 |
|---|-------------------------|-----|
| 6 | Audio Performance | . 8 |
| 7 | Physical Specifications | . 8 |
| 8 | DRV601EVM Parts List | 20 |
| 9 | PCB Specifications | 20 |

1 Overview

The DRV601EVM customer evaluation module (EVM) demonstrates the integrated circuits DRV601RTJ from Texas Instruments (TI).

The DRV601 is a stereo line driver designed to allow the removal of the DC-blocking capacitors for reduced component count and cost. The DRV601 is ideal for single-supply electronics where size and cost are critical design parameters ().

The DRV601 is capable of driving 2 Vrms into a 600- Ω load at 3.3-V supply. The DRV601 has external gain-setting resistors, that support a gain range of -1 V/V to -10 V/V and line outputs that have ±8 kV IEC ESD protection. The DRV601 has independent shutdown control for the left and right audio channels.

This EVM is configured with two RCA phone input connectors and two RCA phone output connectors. Power supply is connected via a two-pin 2,54-mm pin header.

The EVM is configured with a gain of -2 V/V.

| KEY PARAMETERS | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Supply Voltage | 1.8 V to 4.5 V | | | |
| Number of Channels | 2 | | | |
| Load Impedance | Minimum 600 Ω | | | |
| Output Voltage | 2 Vrms / 600 Ω < 0.005% THD | | | |
| DYR | > 108 dB | | | |
| Gain | -2 V/V | | | |

Table 1. DRV601 Features

This EVM is designed for evaluating applications such as A/V receivers, DVD receivers, DVD minicomponent systems, home theater in a box (HTIB) designs, or set-top boxes.

This document covers EVM specifications, audio performance and power efficiency measurements graphs, and design documentation that includes schematics, parts list, layout, and mechanical design.

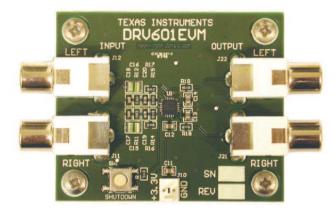


Figure 1. DRV601EVM

Gerber (layout) files are available at the TI Web site.



1.1 DRV601EVM Features

- Two-channel evaluation module, a double-sided, plated-through printed-circuit board (PCB) layout.
- 2-V_{RMS} line output
- Output capacitor-less.
- Shutdown button

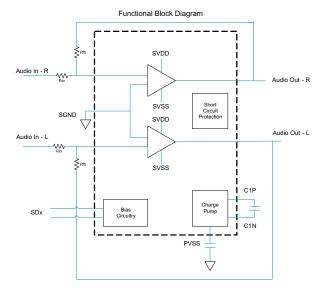


Figure 2. DRV601 Functional Block Diagram

1.2 PCB Key Map

The physical structure of the DRV601EVM is shown in Figure 3.

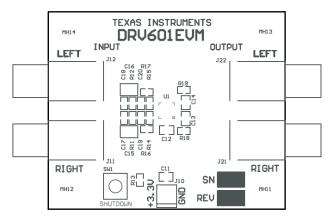


Figure 3. DRV601EVM Physical Structure

2 Quick Setup Guide

This section describes the DRV601EVM board in regards to power supply and system interfaces. It provides information regarding handling and unpacking, absolute operating conditions, and a description of the factory default switch and jumper configuration.

The following is a step-by-step guide to configuring the DRV601EVM for device evaluation.



2.1 Electrostatic Discharge Warning

Many of the components on the DRV601EVM are susceptible to damage by electrostatic discharge (ESD). Customers are advised to observe proper ESD handling precautions when unpacking and handling the EVM, including the use of a grounded wrist strap at an approved ESD workstation.

CAUTION

Failure to observe ESD handling procedures may result in damage to EVM components.

2.2 Unpacking the EVM

On opening the DRV601EVM package, ensure that the following items are included:

- 1 DRV601EVM board with one DRV601RTJ
- 1 pc. PurePath Digital[™] CD-ROM

If either of these items is missing, contact the Texas Instruments Product Information Center nearest you to inquire about a replacement.

2.3 Power Supply Setup

To power up the EVM, one power supply is needed. The power supply is connected to the EVM using a 2-pin, 2,54-mm pin header, J10.

| Description | Voltage Limitations Current Requirement | | Cable | | |
|--------------|---|-------|-------|--|--|
| Power supply | 1.8 V to 4.5 V | 0.3 A | | | |

| Table 2 | Recommended | Supply | Voltage |
|---------|-------------|--------|-----------|
| | Necommenueu | Suppry | v vullaye |

| CAUTION |
|---|
| Applying voltages above the limitations given in Table 2 may cause permanent damage to your hardware. |

3 Shutdown

For minimum click and pop during power on and power off, the shutdown pin should be kept low. The preferred power-up/down sequence is shown in Figure 4.

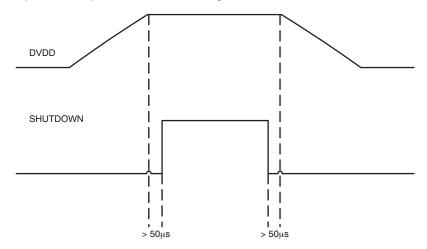


Figure 4. Power-Up/Down Sequence

4 Component Selection

4.1 Charge Pump

The charge pump flying capacitor, C13, serves to transfer charge during the generation of the negative supply voltage. The PVSS capacitor must be at least equal to the charge pump capacitor in order to allow maximum charge transfer. Low ESR capacitors are an ideal selection, and a value of 1 μ F is typical. Capacitor values smaller than 1 μ F can be used, but the maximum output can be reduced. It is therefore recommended to validate the design with thorough testing.

4.2 Decoupling Capacitors

The DRV601 is a DirectPathTM line driver amplifier that requires adequate power supply decoupling to ensure that the noise and total harmonic distortion (THD) are low. A good low equivalent-series-resistance (ESR) ceramic capacitor, C12, typical 1 μ F, placed as close as possible to the device V_{DD} leads works best. Placing this decoupling capacitor close to the DRV601 is important for the performance of the amplifier. For filtering lower frequency noise signals, a 10- μ F or greater capacitor placed near the audio amplifier also helps, but is not required in most applications because of the high PSRR of this device.

The charge pump circuit does apply ripple current on the V_{DD} line, and a LC or RC filter may be needed if noise-sensitive audio devices share the V_{DD} supply.

4.3 Supply Voltage Limiting at 4.5 V

The DRV601 has a build-in charge pump which serves to generate a negative rail for the line driver. Because the line driver operates from a positive and negative voltage supply, circuitry has been implemented to protect the devices in the amplifier from an overvoltage condition. Once the supply is above 4.5 V, the DRV601 can shut down in an overvoltage protection mode to prevent damage to the device.

4.4 Using the DRV601 as a Second-Order Low-Pass Filter

Many of the audio DACs used today require an external low-pass filter, to remove band noise. This is possible with the DRV601, and the EVM is configured as a 40-kHz second-order, active Butterworth filter. The topology chosen is the MFB Single-Ended. Further, the DRV601 needs a ac-coupling capacitor to remove dc-content from the source.

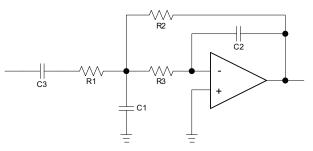


Figure 5. Second-Order, Active Low-Pass Filter

The component values can be calculated with the help of the TI FilterPro[™] program available on: http://focus.ti.com/docs/toolsw/folders/print/filterpro.html

In Table 3, various proposals for the filter and gain settings can be found.

| Gain | High Pass | Low Pass | C1 | C2 | C3 | R1 | R2 | R3 |
|-----------|-----------|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|
| -1 V/V | 16 Hz | 40 kHz | 100 pF | 680 pF | 1 μF | 10 kR | 10 kR | 24 kR |
| -1.5 V/V | 19 Hz | 40 kHz | 68 pF | 680 pF | 1 μF | 8.2 kR | 12 kR | 30 kR |
| -2 V/V | 11 Hz | 40 kHz | 33 pF | 330 pF | 1 μF | 15 kR | 30 kR | 47 kR |
| -2 V/V | 11 Hz | 30 kHz | 47 pF | 470 pF | 1 μF | 15 kR | 30 kR | 43 kR |
| -3.33 V/V | 12 Hz | 40 kHz | 33 pF | 470 pF | 1 μF | 13 kR | 43 kR | 43 kR |
| -10 V/V | 15 Hz | 30 kHz | 22 pF | 1 nF | 2.2 μF | 4.7 kR | 47 kR | 27 kR |

Table 3. DRV601EVM Specification

The resistor values should be low value to get low noise, but should be high value to get a small size ac-coupling capacitor. With the proposed values, 15k, 30k, and47k, a DYR of 105 dB can be achieved with a small $1-\mu$ F input ac-coupling capacitor.



5 Layout Recommendations

5.1 Exposed Pad on the DRV601RJT Package

The exposed metal pad on the DRV601RTJ package can be soldered to a pad on the PCB in order to improve reliability. The pad on the PCB should be allowed to float and not be connected to ground or power. Connecting this pad to power or ground prevents the device from working properly because it is connected internally to PVSS.

5.2 SGND and PGND Connections

The SGND and PGND pins of the DRV601 must be routed separately back to the decoupling capacitor in order to provide proper device operation. If the SGND pins are connected directly to each other, the part functions without risk of failure, but the noise and THD performance can be reduced.

6 DRV601EVM Performance

This section provides general test specifications, electrical data, audio performance data, and physical specifications.

| Table 4. General Test Specifications V | | | | | |
|--|-------------|-------|--|--|--|
| GENERAL TEST SPE | CIFICATIONS | NOTES | | | |
| Supply Voltage | 3.3 V | | | | |
| Load Impedance | 600 Ω | | | | |
| Input Signal | 1-kHz Sine | | | | |
| Measurement Filter | AES17 | | | | |

Table 4. General Test Specifications⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ These test conditions are used for all tests, unless otherwise specified.

| Table 5. Electrical Data ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | |
|---|----------|--|--|--|--|
| ELECTRICAL DATA SPECIFICATIONS NOTES/CONDITIONS | | | | | |
| Output Voltage, 600 Ω | 2.2 Vrms | 1 kHz, unclipped (< 1% THD), $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ | | | |
| Output Voltage, 100 k Ω | 2.3 Vrms | 1 kHz, unclipped (< 1% THD), $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ | | | |
| Supply Current | < 10 mA | 1 kHz, 2 m Vrms output voltage | | | |
| Supply Current | < 20 mA | 1 kHz, 2 m Vrms output voltage into 600 Ω | | | |

⁽¹⁾ All electrical and audio specifications are typical values.

Table 6. Audio Performance

| AUDIO PERFORMANCE | | | NOTES/CONDITIONS | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| THD+N, 600 Ω | 0.02 Vrms | < 0.099 % | 1 kHz (Noise-limited) | |
| THD+N, 600 Ω | 0.2 Vrms | < 0.009 % | 1 kHz (Noise-limited) | |
| THD+N, 600 Ω | 2 Vrms | < 0.006 % | 1 kHz | |
| THD+N, 100 kΩ | 0.02 Vrms | < 0.099 % | 1 kHz (Noise-limited) | |
| THD+N, 100 kΩ | 0.2 Vrms | < 0.009 % | 1 kHz (Noise- limited) | |
| THD+N, 100 kΩ | 2 Vrms | < 0.005 % | 1 kHz | |
| Dynamic Range | | > 105 dB | Ref: 2 Vrms, A-weighted, AES17 filter | |
| Noise Voltage | | < 12 µ Vrms | A-weighted, AES17 filter | |
| DC Offset | | < 5m mV | No signal, 600- Ω load | |
| Channel Separation | | > 97 dB | 1 kHz, 2 Vrms | |
| Frequency Response: 20 Hz to 20 kHz | | +0.5/–1 dB | 2 Vrms/600Ω | |

Table 7. Physical Specifications⁽¹⁾

| | PHYSICAL SPECIFICATIONS | NOTES/CONDITIONS |
|----------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| PCB Dimensions | 50 x 60 x 25 | Width x Length x Height (mm) |
| Total Weight | 35g | Components + PCB + Mechanics |

⁽¹⁾ All electrical and audio specifications are typical values.



6.1 THD+N vs Voltage (600- Ω Load)

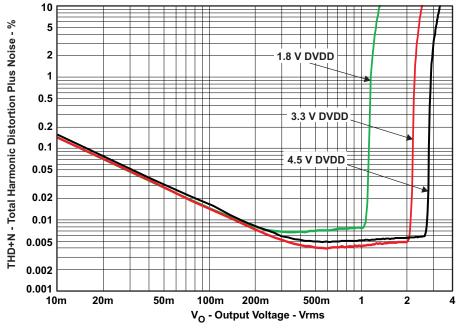
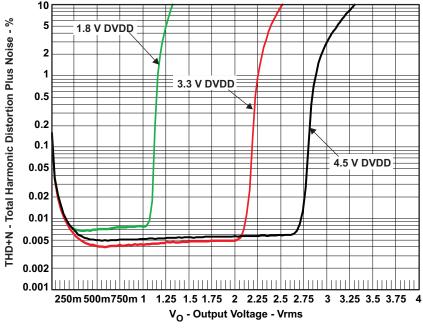
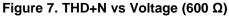


Figure 6. THD+N vs Voltage (600 Ω)

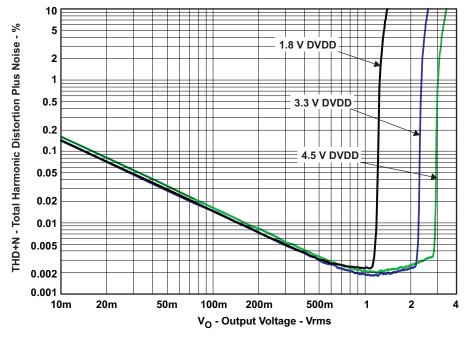
The THD+N from 10m Vrms to approximately 0.5 Vrms is dominated by noise.





Here the THD+N versus output voltage is shown with linear scale, this makes it easier to see where clipping occurs. Clipping is often defines as THD+N=1%. For the DRV601 this is 2.25 Vrms with a 3.3-V supply and $600-\Omega$ load.

6.2 THD+N vs Voltage (100- $k\Omega$ load)





The THD+N in the range from 10mVrms to 1Vrms is completely dominated by noise.

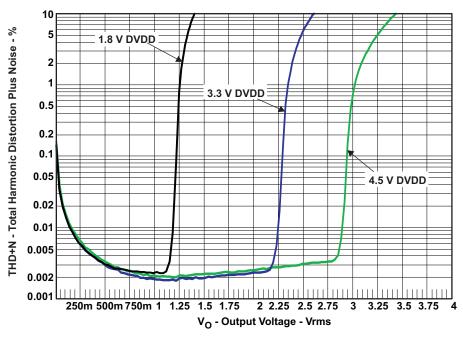
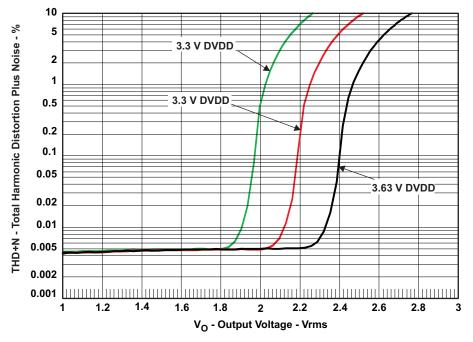


Figure 9. THD+N vs Voltage (100- Ω load) Linear Scale

Here the THD+N versus output voltage is shown with linear scale; this makes it easier to see where clipping occurs. Clipping is often defines as THD+N = 1%. For the DRV601 this is over 2.25 Vrms with a 3.3-V supply and 100-k Ω load.



6.3 THD+N vs Frequency (600R Load)





Here the clipping is shown with a 3.3-V supply, and $\pm 10\%$ tolerance. It shows that even with a low DVDD, 3.3 V–10%, the DRV601 can achieve the 2 Vrms with a THD+N less than 1%.

2 Vrms is equal to 2.848-Vpeak; that is only 142-mV drop from the 2.97-V supply

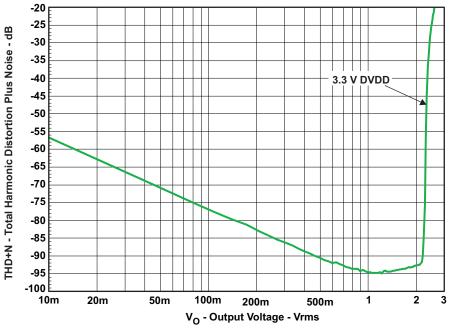


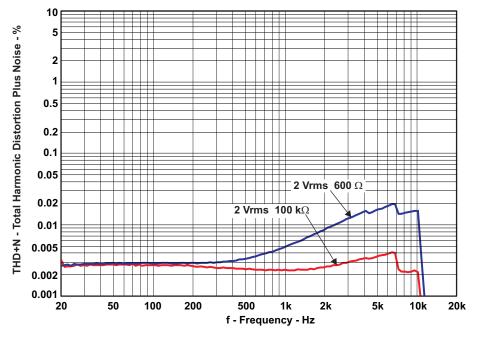
Figure 11. THD+N vs Voltage (100-kΩ Load)

With the THD+N in dB scale. 0.001% corresponds to -100 dB.

SLOU215–January 2008 Submit Documentation Feedback



6.4 THD+N vs Frequency





The DRV601EVM uses a 1- μ F film capacitor for ac-coupling of the input signal. If a lower cost ceramic capacitor, like a X7R is used, higher THD at low frequencies should be expected. Y5V capacitors show even higher THD and cannot be recommended at all.

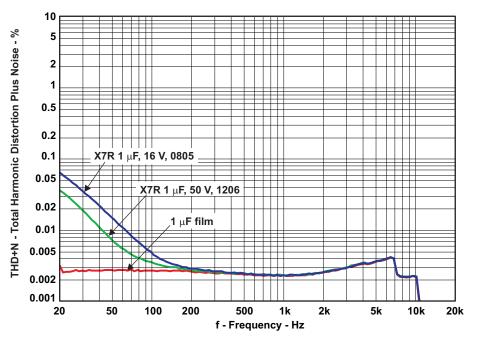


Figure 13. THD+N vs Frequency (600- Ω Load) Using X7R Input Capacitors

The X7R capacitors raise the 20-Hz THD from 0.003% to 0.04% or 0.07–20 times higher. If the cost requirements for the system demand that an inexpensive capacitor is used, then select the X7R capacitor with the highest voltage rating, as seen from the figure a 50-V X7R 1206 capacitor has 2x lower THD than a 16-V X7R 0805 capacitor.



6.5 FFT Spectrum With –60 dBFS Tone

Reference voltage is 2 Vrms. FFT size 16k.

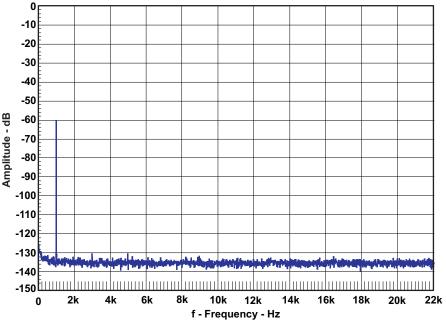


Figure 14. FFT Spectrum With –60-dBFS Tone

This spectrum corresponds to a dynamic range of 104-dB A-weighted. SNR measures to 104 dB A-weighted, <12 μ Vrms. This noise floor is dominated by the feedback resistor network impedance level. This can be improved by lowering the impedance level, a 10x lower impedance level lowers the noise floor to 110 dB, <6 μ Vrms.

6.6 Idle Noise FFT Spectrum

Reference voltage is 2 Vrms. FFT size 16k.

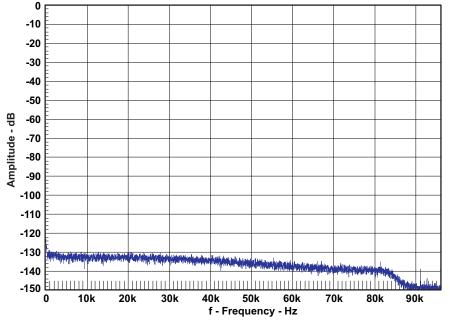
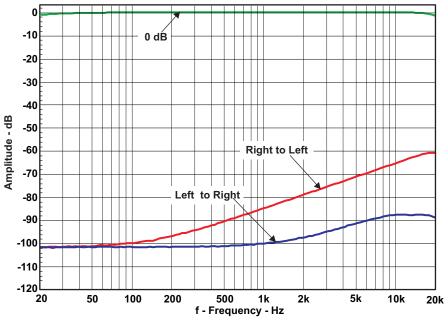


Figure 15. Idle Noise FFT Spectrum (BTL)

6.7 Channel Separation

Channel-1 output signal is 2 Vrms; channel-2 input is grounded. Reference voltage is 2 Vrms; the load is 600R.





Left-to-right cross-coupling and right-to-left cross-coupling are not exactly the same; a difference of 15 dB is seen at 1 kHz. The channel separation is more than 80 dB in both cases. The cause for the cross-coupling is the high impedance of the feedback network. If a lower cross-coupling is wanted, the feedback impedance can be lowered, this has an influence on the input coupling capacitor that needs to be equally larger and thereby adds more cost.



6.8 Frequency Response

Measurement bandwidth filter is set to 500 kHz.

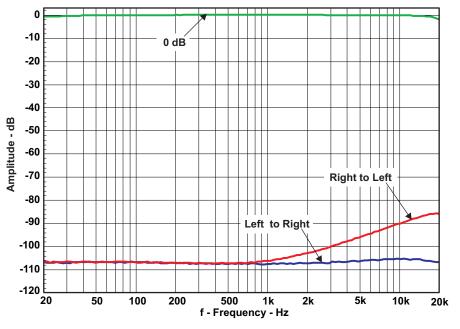
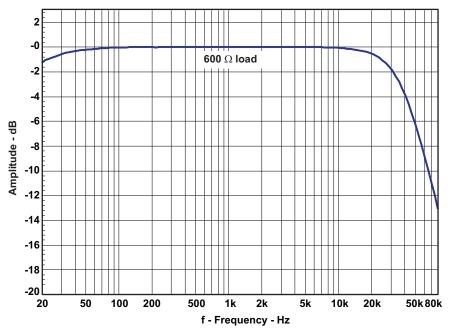


Figure 17. Channel Separation, 10x Lower Feedback Impedance

With a 10x lower impedance in the feedback network, the channel separation improved significantly and is now >100 dB at 1 kHz. The lower impedance network also improved the noise floor, and now the dynamic range is >110-dB, equal to < $6+\mu$ Vrms noise.

The parts used are: R11=R12=1k5, R16=R17=3k0, R14=R15=4k7, C17=C18=3n3, C19=C20=330 pF, C15=C16=10 μ F ac-coupling.

Measurement bandwidth filter is set to 500 kHz.





SLOU215–January 2008 Submit Documentation Feedback

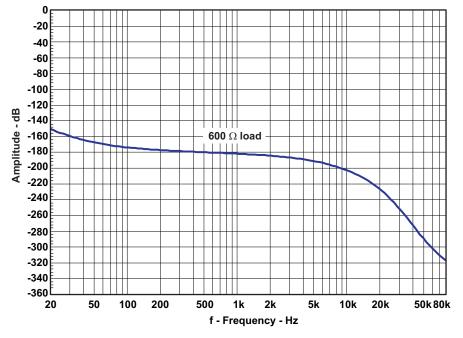


Figure 19. Phase Response

The low-frequency cutoff of 10 Hz (–3 dB) is determined by the input ac-coupling capacitor, 1 μ F, together with the feedback network input impedance of 15kR.

The low-pass, second-order filter implemented gives a -3 dB approximately at 35 kHz, and the response is 13 dB down at 80 kHz.

6.9 Pop/Click (Enable)

No input signal is applied. The measurement results are presented both in a time domain and in a frequency domain. The resistor load is 600 Ω .

The power supply is applied, and then the shutdown signal is released. The shutdown signal is used to trigger the measuring system. For a description of the measuring technique, see the application report *Pop and Click Measuring Technique* (SLEA044).



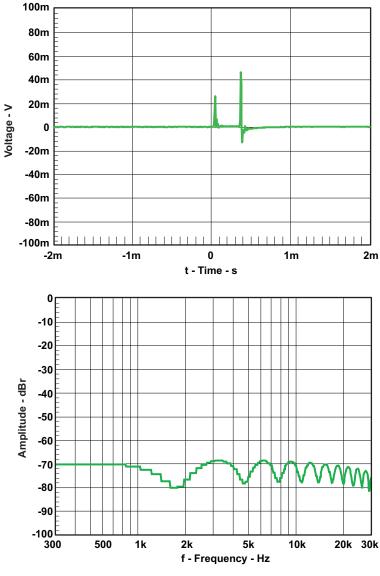


Figure 20. Pop/Click (Enable)

The DRV601 shows very low pop during enable; only two small high-frequency spikes can be seen. The measurements are made with reference to 2 Vrms = 0 dB, 2 mV=-60 dBr.

6.10 Pop/Click (Disable)

No input signal is applied. The measurement results are presented both in a time domain and in a frequency domain.

No input signal applied. Load: 600 Ω .

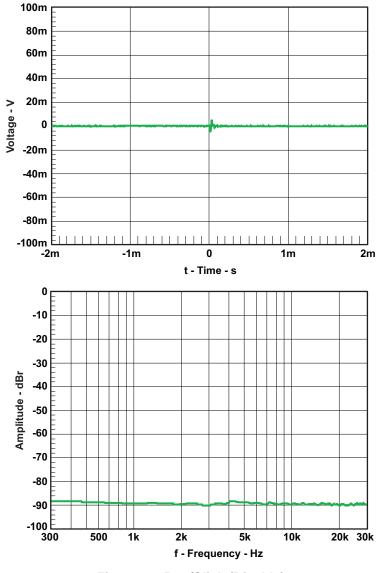


Figure 21. Pop/Click (Disable)

During power-down, the click is even lower than during power-on (enable). A very small click is seen.



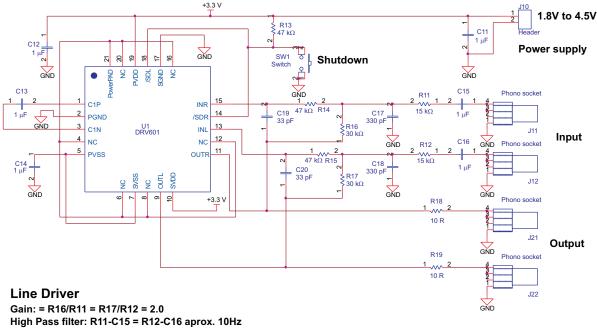
7 Related Documentation from Texas Instruments

For detailed descriptions of the integrated circuits used in the design of the DRV601EVM, see data sheet *DirectPath™* Stereo Line Driver, Adjustable Gain (SLOS553).

8 Design Documentation

This section includes a schematic for the DRV601EVM, the bill of materials, and the PCB design specifications.

8.1 DRV601EVM Schematic



Low Pass filter: 40kHz 2nd Order Butterworth Layout note: Do not ground the powerpad - keep it floating Place C12-C13-C14 close to U10

Place C12-C13-C14 close to U10 Place R14-C19 close to pin 15 Place R15-C20 close to pin 13



8.2 Parts List

| Qty | Part Reference | Description | Manufacture | First Mfr P/N |
|-----|-----------------|---|-------------------|--------------------|
| 4 | C11 C12 C13 C14 | Ceramic 1 µF / 16V / 20% X7R 0805 Capacitor | BC Components | 0805B105M160NT |
| 2 | C15 C16 | Metal Film 1uF / 16V / 20% Polyester 1210 Capacitor | Panasonic | ECPU1C105MA5 |
| 2 | C17 C18 | Ceramic 330 pF / 50V / 10% NP0 0603 Capacitor | BC Components | 0603N331K500NT |
| 2 | C19 C20 | Ceramic 33 pF / 50V / 10% NP0 0603 Capacitor | BC Components | 0603N330K500NT |
| 1 | J10 | 2 pins / 1 row / 2,54mm Pitch Vertical Male Friction Lock Pin Header | Molex | 22-27-2021 |
| 4 | J11 J12 J21 J22 | Horizontal Female w. Switch Coax Phono socket | Chunfeng | RJ843-4W |
| 1 | PCB11 | A834-PCB-001_2.00 / DRV601EVM Printed Circuit Board (ver. 2.00) | Printline | A834-PCB-001(2.00) |
| 2 | R11 R12 | 15k / 100 mW / 5% / 0603 Thick Film Resistor | Yageo | RC0603JR-0715KL |
| 3 | R13 R14 R15 | 47k / 100 mW / 5% / 0603 Thick Film Resistor | Yageo | RC0603JR-0747KL |
| 2 | R16 R17 | 30k / 100 mW / 5% / 0603 Thick Film Resistor | Yageo | RC0603JR-0730KL |
| 2 | R18 R19 | 10R / 100 mW / 5% / 0603 Thick Film Resistor | Yageo | RC0603JR-0710RL |
| 1 | SW1 | Switch 6 mm SMD Tactile Switch | Omron | B3S-1000 |
| 1 | U1 | DRV601 / DirectPath [™] Audio Line Driver with external gain setting. (QFN-20) | Texas Instruments | DRV601RTJT |

Table 8. DRV601EVM Parts List

8.3 PCB Specifications

Table 9. PCB Specifications

| BOARD IDENTIFICATION | A834-PCB-001(2.00) |
|----------------------------|---|
| BOARD TYPE | Double-sided plated-through board |
| LAMINATE TYPE | FR4 |
| LAMINATE THICKNESS | 1,6 mm |
| COPPER THICKNESS | 35 µm (Include plating exterior layer) |
| COPPER PLATING OF HOLES | > 25 µm |
| MINIMUM HOLE DIAMETER | 0,3 mm |
| SILKSCREEN COMPONENT SIDE | White—Remove silkscreen from solder area and pre-tinned areas |
| SILKSCREEN SOLDER SIDE | None |
| SOLDER MASK COMPONENT SIDE | Green |
| SOLDER MASK SOLDER SIDE | Green |
| PROTECTIVE COATING | Solder coating and chemical silver on free copper |
| ELECTRICAL TEST | PCB must be electrically tested |
| MANUFACTURED TO | PERFAG 2E (<u>www.perfag.dk</u>) |
| APERTURE TABLE | PERFAG 10A (<u>www.perfag.dk</u>) |
| BOARD SIZE | 60 mm × 50 mm |
| COMMENTS | See drill information file (A834-PCB-001 (DrillDrawing).pdf) |
| | |



8.4 PCB Layout

Gerber files are available on the EVM page for download.

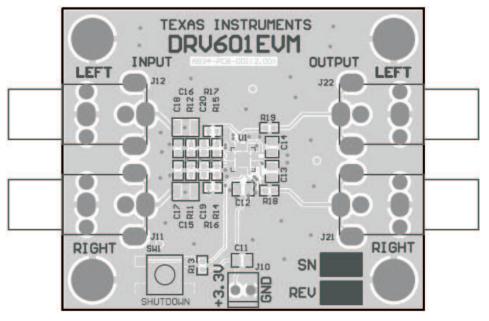


Figure 22. DRV601EVM PCB Component Placement Top

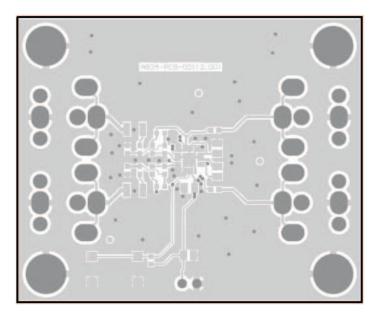


Figure 23. PCB Top Layer

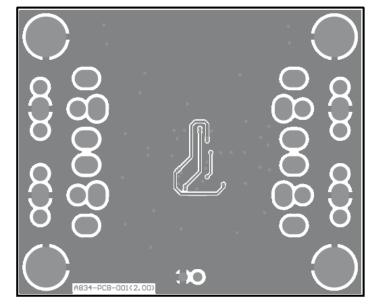


Figure 24. PCB Bottom Layer

EVALUATION BOARD/KIT IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments (TI) provides the enclosed product(s) under the following conditions:

This evaluation board/kit is intended for use for ENGINEERING DEVELOPMENT, DEMONSTRATION, OR EVALUATION PURPOSES ONLY and is not considered by TI to be a finished end-product fit for general consumer use. Persons handling the product(s) must have electronics training and observe good engineering practice standards. As such, the goods being provided are not intended to be complete in terms of required design-, marketing-, and/or manufacturing-related protective considerations, including product safety and environmental measures typically found in end products that incorporate such semiconductor components or circuit boards. This evaluation board/kit does not fall within the scope of the European Union directives regarding electromagnetic compatibility, restricted substances (RoHS), recycling (WEEE), FCC, CE or UL, and therefore may not meet the technical requirements of these directives or other related directives.

Should this evaluation board/kit not meet the specifications indicated in the User's Guide, the board/kit may be returned within 30 days from the date of delivery for a full refund. THE FOREGOING WARRANTY IS THE EXCLUSIVE WARRANTY MADE BY SELLER TO BUYER AND IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED, IMPLIED, OR STATUTORY, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

The user assumes all responsibility and liability for proper and safe handling of the goods. Further, the user indemnifies TI from all claims arising from the handling or use of the goods. Due to the open construction of the product, it is the user's responsibility to take any and all appropriate precautions with regard to electrostatic discharge.

EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT OF THE INDEMNITY SET FORTH ABOVE, NEITHER PARTY SHALL BE LIABLE TO THE OTHER FOR ANY INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.

TI currently deals with a variety of customers for products, and therefore our arrangement with the user is not exclusive.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance, customer product design, software performance, or infringement of patents or services described herein.

Please read the User's Guide and, specifically, the Warnings and Restrictions notice in the User's Guide prior to handling the product. This notice contains important safety information about temperatures and voltages. For additional information on TI's environmental and/or safety programs, please contact the TI application engineer or visit www.ti.com/esh.

No license is granted under any patent right or other intellectual property right of TI covering or relating to any machine, process, or combination in which such TI products or services might be or are used.

FCC Warning

This evaluation board/kit is intended for use for **ENGINEERING DEVELOPMENT, DEMONSTRATION, OR EVALUATION PURPOSES ONLY** and is not considered by TI to be a finished end-product fit for general consumer use. It generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and has not been tested for compliance with the limits of computing devices pursuant to part 15 of FCC rules, which are designed to provide reasonable protection against radio frequency interference. Operation of this equipment in other environments may cause interference with radio communications, in which case the user at his own expense will be required to take whatever measures may be required to correct this interference.

EVM WARNINGS AND RESTRICTIONS

It is important to operate this EVM within the input voltage range of 1.8 V to 4.5 V and the output voltage range of 2 Vrms.

Exceeding the specified input range may cause unexpected operation and/or irreversible damage to the EVM. If there are questions concerning the input range, please contact a TI field representative prior to connecting the input power.

Applying loads outside of the specified output range may result in unintended operation and/or possible permanent damage to the EVM. Please consult the EVM User's Guide prior to connecting any load to the EVM output. If there is uncertainty as to the load specification, please contact a TI field representative.

During normal operation, some circuit components may have case temperatures greater than 85°C. The EVM is designed to operate properly with certain components above 85°C as long as the input and output ranges are maintained. These components include but are not limited to linear regulators, switching transistors, pass transistors, and current sense resistors. These types of devices can be identified using the EVM schematic located in the EVM User's Guide. When placing measurement probes near these devices during operation, please be aware that these devices may be very warm to the touch.

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright 2008, Texas Instruments Incorporated

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, modifications, enhancements, improvements, and other changes to its products and services at any time and to discontinue any product or service without notice. Customers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All products are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its hardware products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by government requirements, testing of all parameters of each product is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or customer product design. Customers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with customer products and applications, customers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any TI patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other TI intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI products or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license from TI to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of TI information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. Reproduction of this information with alteration is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions.

Resale of TI products or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that product or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI product or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

TI products are not authorized for use in safety-critical applications (such as life support) where a failure of the TI product would reasonably be expected to cause severe personal injury or death, unless officers of the parties have executed an agreement specifically governing such use. Buyers represent that they have all necessary expertise in the safety and regulatory ramifications of their applications, and acknowledge and agree that they are solely responsible for all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning their products and any use of TI products in such safety-critical applications, notwithstanding any applications-related information or support that may be provided by TI. Further, Buyers must fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of TI products in such safety-critical applications.

TI products are neither designed nor intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments unless the TI products are specifically designated by TI as military-grade or "enhanced plastic." Only products designated by TI as military-grade meet military specifications. Buyers acknowledge and agree that any such use of TI products which TI has not designated as military-grade is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that they are solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI products are neither designed nor intended for use in automotive applications or environments unless the specific TI products are designated by TI as compliant with ISO/TS 16949 requirements. Buyers acknowledge and agree that, if they use any non-designated products in automotive applications, TI will not be responsible for any failure to meet such requirements.

Following are URLs where you can obtain information on other Texas Instruments products and application solutions:

| Products | | Applications | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| Amplifiers | amplifier.ti.com | Audio | www.ti.com/audio |
| Data Converters | dataconverter.ti.com | Automotive | www.ti.com/automotive |
| DSP | dsp.ti.com | Broadband | www.ti.com/broadband |
| Interface | interface.ti.com | Digital Control | www.ti.com/digitalcontrol |
| Logic | logic.ti.com | Military | www.ti.com/military |
| Power Mgmt | power.ti.com | Optical Networking | www.ti.com/opticalnetwork |
| Microcontrollers | microcontroller.ti.com | Security | www.ti.com/security |
| RFID | www.ti-rfid.com | Telephony | www.ti.com/telephony |
| Low Power Wireless | www.ti.com/lpw | Video & Imaging | www.ti.com/video |
| | | Wireless | www.ti.com/wireless |

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2007, Texas Instruments Incorporated