

Application Report

SBAA168–April 2009

TSC2007 WinCE® 6.0 Driver

Data Acquisition Products

ABSTRACT

The TSC2007 Microsoft[®] Windows[®] CE (WinCE) 6.0 touch driver was developed with an I^2C^{TM} control interface; the code has been tested on a Samsung[®] SC32442 application processor. This application report discusses the TSC2007 driver, including the hardware connection between the TSC2007 and the platform, the WinCE 6.0 driver code structure, and the installations. Project collateral discussed in this application report can be downloaded from the following URL: <u>http://www.ti.com/lit/zip/SBAA168</u>.

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1 Introduction

The TSC2007 WinCE 6.0 driver was developed to help users of the <u>TSC2007</u> touch screen controller device from Texas Instruments to quickly set up, run, and use the device and to shorten software driver development time. The TSC2007 touch driver was coded on the standard WinCE touch device driver platform-dependent device (PDD) layer, and the PDD layer was further split to have an additional processor-dependent layer (PDL) to make the TSC2007 driver easy to port into different host processors. See TI application report <u>SLAA187</u> for additional details on both PDD and PDL. The driver was developed and tested using a TSC2007EVM board and the Samsung SMDK platform with an SC32442 application processor.

2 Connections

The TSC2007 device must be wired and connected to a host processor to which the device driver code is ported and executed. In developing the TSC2007 drivers for this application, the TI TSC2007EVM board and the Samsung platform with the SC32442A application processor were used.

The host processor controls the TSC2007 through an interface that consists of three digital signals:

- The two-wire I²C bus: SCL and SDA;
- The touch pen-down interrupt, PENIRQ.

See Figure 1 for the connections between the TSC2007 device and the SMDK2442 applications processor.

On the TS<u>C2007EV</u>M board, a connection to J2 was made in order to wire the three digital signals SCL, SDA, and PENIRQ. For details on J2 and other aspects of the TSC2007EVM, see the <u>TSC2007EVM</u> User <u>Guide</u>.

On the Samsung SMDK2442 platform, the original touch module connected on the SMDK2442 main board was removed and replaced with the connections as shown in Figure 1. See Reference 4 and other relevant Samsung documentation for additional information about the Samsung SMDK2442 platform.

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In addition to the three digital signal pins, the TSC2007 touch panel input signals, X+, X–, Y+ and Y–, are connected to the corresponding pins on the Samsung SMDK2442 touch panel, as Figure 1 indicates.

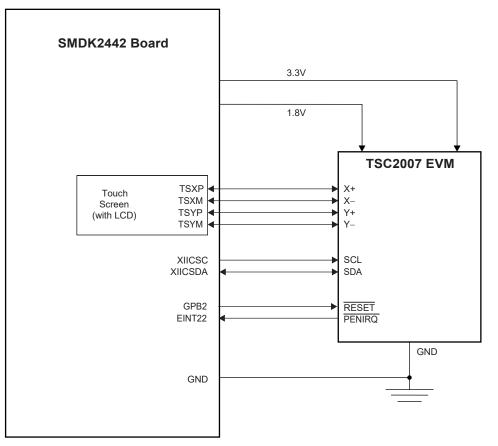
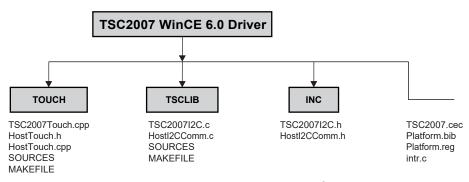


Figure 1. TSC2007 Connection to SC32442 Application Processor

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Figure 2 details the TSC2007 touch device driver code file structure.







3.1 *I*²C Interface

The I^2C bus is the control and data bus through which the host processor sends address and control commands to the TSC2007 and reads the touch screen or other data back from the device. The I^2C communication code was developed as a library and put into the directory, TSCLIB.

On the hardware side, the two TSC2007 I²C bus pins (SCL and SDA) are connected to pins GPE14 and GPE15 of the Samsung SC32442 processor, respectively.

On the software side, the Samsung SC32442, I^2C , and clock management control registers are set up to communicate to the TSC2007 through the I^2C interface. The setup is implemented at the routine, HWInitI2C(), which is inside the file HostI2CComm.C.

```
///////
// Function: void HWInitI2C (BOOL InPowerHandle)
// Purpose: This function must be called from the power handler
         of the respective drivers using this library. This
11
         function will configure the GPIO pins according to
11
         the functionality shown in the table below
11
         Signals Pin# Direction Alternate Function
11
         _____
11
         SCL GPE14 output
SDA GPE15 output (at init)
                                                   1
11
11
                                                    1
//////
BOOL HWInitI2C (BOOL InPowerHandle)
{
   UINT8 reg = 0 \times 00;
   RETAILMSG(TOUCH,(TEXT("Setup Host GPIO & I2C for an I2C Interface.. \r\n")));
        // init I2C control register (disabled I2C unit)
       // enable I2C unit clock (the clock should be enabled first)
   g pClockRegs->CLKCON |= S3C CLKEN I2C;
       // set up GPE
   g pGPIORegs->GPEDN |= GPE DN; //0xc000, Pull-up disable
//Making GPE15=>IICSDA, GPE14=>IICSCL
   g pGPIORegs->GPECON |= (GPE14 IIC SCL | GPE15 IIC SDA);
//Enable ACK, Prescalar IICCLK=PCLK/16, Enable interrupt, Transmit clock //value Tx
clock=IICCLK/16
//e.g. If PCLK 50.7MHz, IICCLK = 3.17 MHz, TX Clock = 0.198MHz
   reg = ICR ACK | ICR INTR;
   req &= ~(ICR TXCLK);
   reg |= ICR TXCLKVAL;
   g pI2CRegs->IICCON = reg;
   g pI2CRegs->IICADD = 0x10;
                                        //2442 slave address [7:1]
   g_pi2CRegs->i1CADD = 0x10; //2442 slave address [/:1]
g pi2CRegs->IICSTAT |= ISR_ENOP; //IIC bus data output enable(Rx/Tx)
                       //Filter enable and
   g pI2CRegs->IICLC = ILCR FEN | ILCR SDADLY; //15 clocks SDA output delay
   DumpRegsI2C();
    return(TRUE);
}
```



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Two other important I^2C interface routines are the *HWI2CWrite()* and *HWI2CRead()*. These routines allow the S3C2442 to control the TSC2007, performing touch data acquisition and reading the data back from the TSC2007. The complete I^2C write and read transmissions are defined as shown in the TSC2007 product data sheet (Reference 1).

```
111111
// Function: HWI2CWrite Routine
// Purpose: This routine allows the SMDK2442 to write to TSC2007
11
          control register(s) using I2C bus.
//\ {\rm Note:} The first byte in bytesBuf is the starting address
// for writing; and the 2nd and on are bytes/contents
     writing to TSC2007
11
///////
BOOL HWI2CWrite(UINT8 *bytesBuf, int bytesCount, BOOL InPowerHandle)
{
    int i;
   RETAILMSG(TOUCH, (TEXT("HWI2CWrite.... \r\n")));
   if (!InPowerHandle)
   {
        UINT8 reg,time = 100;
        iicMod = WR_DATA;
iicPtr = 0;
for(i = 0; i < bytesCount; i++) //Putting 1st byte i.e register addr iicDat[i] =</pre>
*bytesBuf++; //2nd byte onwards actual data
        iicDCount
                     = bytesCount;
        g pI2CRegs->IICDS = I2C WRITE; //I2C WRITE;
//Putting TSC2007 slave address (7bit address + 0 'write bit')
        reg = g_pI2CRegs->IICSTAT;
            //Master transmit mode, START signal genration, Enable output
reg = (ISR MTX | ISR START | ISR ENOP);
        q pI2CReqs->IICSTAT = req;
        while (iicDCount != -1)
            Run Iic Poll();
        iicMod = POLL ACK;
        while(time--)
        {
            g pI2CRegs->IICDS = I2C WRITE;
            iicStat
                     = 0x100;
            reg = g_pI2CRegs->IICSTAT;
            reg = (ISR MTX | ISR START | ISR ENOP);//Master tx mode, START signal generation,
Enable output
            g pI2CRegs->IICSTAT = reg;
            reg = g_pI2CRegs->IICCON;
reg = ICR_ACK | ICR_INTR | ICR_TXCLKVAL;
            req \&= \sim (\overline{ICR PENITR});
                                                                    //Resumes IIC operation.
            g_pI2CRegs->IICCON = reg;
            while(iicStat==0x100)
                Run_Iic_Poll();
            if(!(iicStat & 0x1))
                                                         //When ACK is received
                break;
        }
        g pI2CRegs->IICSTAT = ~(ISR STOP); //Stop MasTx condition
        reg = g_pI2CRegs->IICCON;
                                                               //Resumes IIC operation.
        reg = ICR ACK | ICR INTR | ICR TXCLKVAL;
        req \&= \sim (\overline{ICR PENITR});
        g_pI2CRegs->IICCON = reg;
        Delay(3);
                                                   //Wait until stop condition is in effect.
```



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```
//Write is completed.
        return(TRUE);
   }
   else
   {
       RETAILMSG(TOUCH, (TEXT("HW Tx Error...\r\n")));
       return(FALSE);
   }
}
///////
// Function: HWI2CRead Routine
// Purpose: This routine allows the SMDK2442 to read from TSC2007
11
        control register(s) using I2C bus.
// Note: The first byte in bytesBuf is the starting address for
// reading; and the 2nd and on are values reading from TSC2007
///////
UINT8 HWI2CRead(UINT8 *bytesBuf, INT bytesCount, BOOL InPowerHandle)
{
   RETAILMSG(TOUCH, (TEXT("HWI2CRead....\r\n")));
   if (!InPowerHandle)
    {
       UINT8 req;
        iicMod
                   = SETRD ADDR;
        iicPtr
                    = 0;
       iicDat[0] = *bytesBuf++;
iicDCount = 1;
                                   //Putting 1st byte i.e. register address
//Putting slave address of TSC2007 for write mode [7:0]
        g pI2CRegs->IICDS = I2C_WRITE;
        Delay(1);
        reg = g pI2CRegs->IICSTAT;
           //Master transmit mode, START signal genration, Enable output
                                                                            g pI2CRegs->IICSTAT
        reg = (ISR MTX | ISR START | ISR ENOP);
= req;
        while (iicDCount!=-1)
           Run_Iic_Poll();
                   = RD DATA;
        iicMod
        iicPtr = 0;
        iicDCount = bytesCount;
//Putting slave address of TSC2007 for read mode[7:1]
        g pI2CRegs->IICDS = I2C READ;
       Delay(1);
       reg = g pI2CRegs->IICSTAT;
        reg = (ISR MRX | ISR START | ISR ENOP);
        g pI2CRegs->IICSTAT = reg;
                                          //Mater Rx, Start signal
        reg = g pI2CRegs->IICCON;
       reg = ICR ACK | ICR INTR | ICR TXCLKVAL ;
        reg &= ~(\overline{ICR PENITR});
        g pI2CRegs->IICCON = reg;
                                         //Resumes IIC operation.
        while (iicDCount!=-1)
           Run Iic Poll();
        reg = g_pI2CRegs->IICCON;
        reg = ICR ACK | ICR INTR | ICR TXCLKVAL;
        reg &= ~(ICR PENITR);
        g pI2CRegs->IICCON = reg;
        *bytesBuf++ = (UINT8) iicDat[1];
       return(1);
   }
   else
    {
       RETAILMSG(TOUCH, (TEXT("HW Rx Error...\r\n")));
       return(0);
   }
}
```



3.2 Touch Device Driver

In the Samsung SMDK2442 <u>system</u>, the interrupt PENIRQ pin has been connected to the external interrupt EINT22, where the PENIRQ is fed to the S3C2442 GPG14 (J2.2) pin. The touch device driver is in the directory TOUCH, developed on the PDD layer of the standard touch device driver structure.

In the TSC2007 touch driver, PENIRQ is enabled to detect any touch on the screen; PENIRQ then triggers the *DdsiTouchPanelGetPoint()* routine on the PDD layer whenever PENIRQ becomes active.

```
///////
// DDSI Implementation
// @func void | DdsiTouchPanelGetPoint |
         Returns the most recently acquired point and its associated tip state
11
11
         information.
// @parm PDDSI TOUCHPANEL TIPSTATE | pTipState |
11
         Pointer to where the tip state information will be returned.
// @parm PLONG | pUnCalX |
11
         Pointer to where the x coordinate will be returned.
// @parm PLONG | pUnCalY |
// Pointer to where the y coordinate will be returned.
// @comm
11
          Implmented in the PDD.
//////
void DdsiTouchPanelGetPoint(TOUCH PANEL SAMPLE FLAGS *pTipStateFlags,
INT *pUncalX, INT *pUncalY)
    static INT PrevX=0;
   static INT PrevY=0;
    static bool fPenDown = TRUE;
    UINT8 pWords[] = \{0, 0, 0, 0, 0\};
        // EINTPEND Reg holds the raw interrupt status for the TOUCH interrupt.
        // making use of the EINTPEND reg here to know status of the TOUCH.
    g pIORegs->EINTPEND
                          = (1 < < 22);
    if (g pIORegs->EINTPEND & (1<<22))
                                             11
                                                  TOUCH occured
        fPenDown = TRUE;
                                11
                                    NO TOUCH
    else
        fPenDown = FALSE;
    if (g_pINTregs->INTMSK & (1<<IRQ_TIMER3))
                                                  //gIntrTouchChaged Case.
         if(fPenDown) // The TIMER irg ...
    {
        {
            if (!GetCoordinate(&PrevX, &PrevY))
                *pTipStateFlags = TouchSampleIgnore;
            else{
                TransCoordinate(&PrevX, &PrevY);
                *pTipStateFlags = TouchSampleValidFlag | TouchSampleDownFlag;
                *pTipStateFlags &= ~TouchSampleIgnore;
                *pUncalX = PrevX;
                *pUncalY = PrevY;
                TouchTimerStart();
            }
            InterruptDone(gIntrTouchChanged);
// The next expected interrupt will come from Timer.
        RETAILMSG(TOUCH, (TEXT("$$$$$ TIMER: X=%d\tY=%d\r\n"),*pUncalX,*pUncalY));
        else
                 // The pen isn't currently down, sending MDD a pen-up "event".
            *pTipStateFlags = TouchSampleValidFlag;
            *pUncalX = PrevX; // Making use of the Prev values of X,Y
*pUncalY = PrevY;
            TouchTimerStop();
            g pIORegs->EINTPEND
                                   = (1<<22);
            g pIORegs->EINTMASK &= ~(1<<22);
            InterruptDone(gIntrTouch);
            InterruptDone(gIntrTouchChanged);
// The next expected interrupt will come from pen-down event.
        RETAILMSG(TOUCH, (TEXT("***** UP: X=%d\tY=%d\r\n"),*pUncalX,*pUncalY));
        }
    }
```



```
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```

```
//PENIRQ From TSC200x Mapped to EINT22
                                                        //gIntrTouch Case.
    else
        11
              PEN transition from UP to DOWN.
    {
        if (!GetCoordinate(&PrevX, &PrevY))
            *pTipStateFlags = TouchSampleIgnore;
        else
           TransCoordinate(&PrevX, &PrevY);
        *pTipStateFlags = TouchSampleValidFlag;
        *pTipStateFlags |= TouchSampleIgnore;
        *pUncalX = PrevX;
        *pUncalY = PrevY;
        *pTipStateFlags |= TouchSampleDownFlag;
        if (g pINTregs->INTMSK & (1<<IRQ TIMER3))
            InterruptDone(gIntrTouchChanged);
        TouchTimerStart();
        InterruptDone(gIntrTouch);
            // The next expected interrupt will come from timer.
        RETAILMSG(TOUCH, (TEXT("@@@@@ DOWN: X=%d\tY=%d\r\n"),*pUncalX,*pUncalY));
    }
   g pIORegs->EINTPEND
                           = (1 < < 22);
   p\overline{W}ords[0] = 0xD0;
   if(!HWI2CWrite(pWords, 2, FALSE))
        RETAILMSG(1,(TEXT("Device I2C Write Failed\r\n")));
}
```

4 Installation

This section presents the installation steps required to run the TSC2007 WinCE 6.0 drivers on the Samsung SMDK2442 platform. The SC32442 application processor BSP can be obtained from Samsung and should be installed. After the application processor BSP installation, it will be located on your PC in a standard location within the WinCE directory; for example, at C:\WinCE600\PLATFORM\ as SMDK2442.

To install the TSC2007 WinCE 6.0 driver into the SMDK2442 workspace, execute the following steps.

4.1 Step 1: Copy

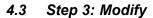
Copy the following files and directories:

- Copy all files inside \TSC2007WinCE6Driver\INC\ into this directory: C:\WINCE600\PLATFORM\SMDK2442\SRC\INC\
- 2. Copy \TSC2007WinCE6Driver\Intr\intr.c file to this location: C:\WINCE600\PLATFORM\SMDK2442\SRC\Common\Intr\
- 3. Copy the directories TSCLIB and TOUCH into: C:\WINCE600\PLATFORM\SMDK2442\SRC\DRIVERS\

4.2 Step 2: Open

This step, in the Microsoft Visual Studio[®] 2005 Platform Builder IDE for CE 6.0, opens a new or existing SMDK2442 workspace. This procedure is ignored here.

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- This step modifies the building device drivers to include the TI TSC2007 drivers.
- 1. Open the dirs file in the directory: C:\WINCE600\PLATFORM\SMDK2442\SRC\DRIVERS\
- 2. Add in the TSCLIB just before the TOUCH.

For example, the dirs file could be:

```
DIRS=\
ceddk\
keybd\
PowerButton\
pccard\
serial\
nleddrvr\
Battdrvr\
cs8900\
Display\
Backlight\
TSCLIB\
Touch
```

4.4 Step 4: Update

This step updates the hardware-specific files so that the operating system will use the TSC2007 device drivers.

- 1. Open the existing platform.reg file from the parameter files section under the SMDK2442 in the PLATFORM window of the workspace.
- 2. Edit the platform.reg file such as to delete the old Touch.dll file, and to add in the TSC2007 Touch Screen Controller:

- 3. Save and close the updated platform.reg file.
- 4. Similarly, edit the platform.bib file, located in the same path as the platform.reg file, by replacing the existing entry of the touch related .dll files into the NK.bin image with the following entry in the platform.bib file:

5. Save and close the updated platform.bib file.



5 References

The following documents are available for download through the Texas Instruments web site (<u>www.ti.com</u>), except where noted.

- TSC2007: Nano-power touch screen controller with I²C serial interface. Product data sheet <u>SBAS405A</u>.
- Chammings, Y. and Fang, W. (2003.) TSC2301 WinCE Generic Drivers. Application report <u>SLAA187</u>.
- TSC2007EVM and TSC2007EVM-PDK. User's guide <u>SLAU199</u>.
- Samsung SC32442A Processor Developer's Kit. User guide. Available at www.samsung.com.

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