

TLC5946EVM-274

This user's guide describes the characteristics, setup, and use of the TLC5946EVM-274 Evaluation Module (EVM). This EVM helps the user evaluate the features of the Texas Instruments TLC5946, which is a 16-channel, constant-current LED driver. This user's guide includes setup instructions, a schematic diagram, a bill of materials, printed-circuit board layout drawings, and software instructions.

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1 Introduction

The Texas Instruments TLC5946 is a 16-channel, constant-current LED driver that is capable of driving up to 40 mA per channel. The TLC5944 has several features including 6-bit dot correction, 12-bit grayscale PWM dimming, LED failure, and overtemperature detection. For more information on PWM dimming, see the TLC5946 data sheet ([SLVS824](#)), a dot correction technical paper ([SLYT225](#)), and a PWM dimming technical paper ([SLYT238](#)) on the TI Web site. This EVM contains three TLC5946 integrated circuits (IC) connected in series. The three ICs drive 16 light-emitting diodes (LED), each having a red, green, and blue LED in the same package.

1.1 Requirements

In order to operate this EVM, the following components must be connected and properly configured. All components, software, and connectors are supplied in the EVM except for the host computer and the dc power supply

1.1.1 Software

Texas Instruments provides a compact disk (CD) in the EVM kit that contains the software necessary to evaluate the TLC5946EVM. Check the TLC5946 product folder on the TI Web site (www.ti.com) for updates to the software.

1.1.2 Host Computer

A computer with a USB port is required to operate this EVM. The TLC5946 software runs on the personal computer (PC) and communicates with the EVM via the PC's USB port.

PC Requirements:

- Windows™ 2000 or Windows XP operating system
- USB port
- Minimum of 30 MB of free hard disk space (100 MB recommended)
- Minimum of 256 MB of RAM

1.1.3 Power Supply Requirements

A dc power supply capable of delivering 5 V at 1 A is required to power the EVM.

1.1.4 Printed-Circuit Board Assemblies

The TLC5946EVM-274 EVM kit contains three printed-circuit boards: HPA274 (Driver board), HPA249 (LED board), and TMDSCNCD2808 (DSP board). The Driver board contains the TLC5946 ICs and their required external components. This board contains several jumpers and connectors that enable you to customize the board for specific operating conditions. The LED board contains 16 LEDs, each with three individual LEDs in the same package: a red, a green, and a blue LED. The orderable Texas Instruments part number for this PCB is RGBLEDEVM-249. The EVM is designed to directly drive the LED board. The customer may also remove the LED board to drive a custom LED board. The DSP board contains a TMS320F2808 microcontroller that programs and controls the three TLC5946 ICs on the Driver board. The DSP board's orderable part number is TMDSCNCD2808. [Figure 1](#) shows how these boards are connected.

controlCARD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.
Windows, Internet Explorer are trademarks of Microsoft Corporation.
VeriSign is a trademark of VeriSign, Inc.
ZigBee is a trademark of ZigBee Alliance.

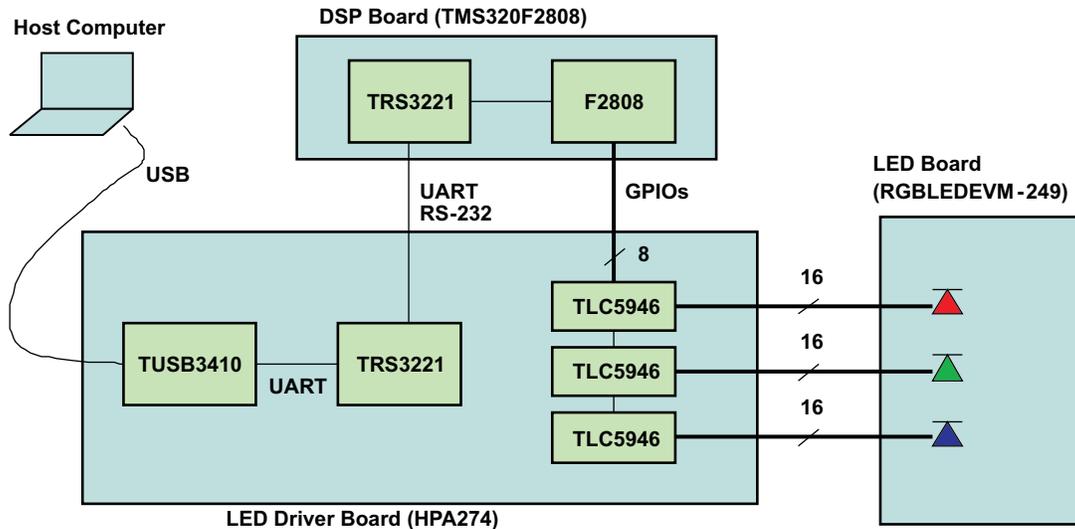


Figure 1. Board Connections

The user's computer connects to the LED Driver board with a USB cable and communicates with a TUSB3410 using a TI proprietary protocol. The LED Driver board requires a Texas Instruments TRS3221 to communicate with the DSP board because the DSP board is an existing plug-in DSP module with an RS-232 interface bus. The F2808 DSP decodes the information from the LED Driver board and converts it into a form required by the TLC5946 ICs. The TLC5946s drive the LEDs, which are located on the LED board.

1.2 Related Documentation From Texas Instruments

1. TLC5946, 16-Channel, 12-Bit PWM LED Driver With 6-Bit Dot Correction data sheet ([SLVS824](#))
2. TLC594x software ([SLVC186](#))
3. TMDSCNCD2808 DSP controlCARD™ documents ([SPRR101](#))

2 Setup

This section describes the jumpers and connectors on the EVM as well as how to properly connect, set up, and use the TLC5946EVM-274.

2.1 Input/Output Connector Descriptions

2.1.1 J1 – USB Input Connector

This mini-USB connector connects the EVM directly to the host PC's USB port.

2.1.2 J2 – ZigBee™ Input Connector

This connector mates to the HPA249 LED board. The customer also can connect a custom board to this connector with a 30-pin ribbon cable. To minimize stray inductance and ringing on the output traces, make connections to this connector as short as possible. This connector allows the user to connect ZigBee devices such as the eZ430-RF2500. The user can write customized code to control the TLC5946EVM with a wireless ZigBee connection. J2 is not populated or used with the supplied EVM software.

2.1.3 J3 – RS-232 Input Connector

This connector allows the user to connect an RS-232 device. The user can write customized code to control the TLC5946EVM or to modify the DSP board's firmware. J3 is not populated or used with the supplied EVM software.

2.1.4 J4 – DSP Board Connector

The DSP board plugs into the J4 connector on the Driver board.

2.1.5 J5 – JTAG Input Connector

This connector can be used for JTAG communications to help debug user-generated software. J5 is not populated or used with the supplied EVM software.

2.1.6 J6 – VIN

This is the positive input supply to the EVM. The input voltage must be between 5 V and 17 V. To minimize power dissipation, the input voltage must be as low as possible. The leads to the input supply must be twisted and kept as short as possible to minimize EMI transmission.

2.1.7 J7 – Input Power Connector

This is a right-angle miniature power jack with a 3,5-mm diameter connection. The user can use this connector to supply input power to the EVM from an ac-to-dc plug-in adapter. The inner pin on the connector is connected directly to J6 (Vin). The outer pin on the connector is connected directly to J8 (GND). When using an ac-to-dc plug-in adapter, ensure that the plug-in adapter's output voltage is stable and does not drop below 5 V when loaded.

2.1.8 J8 – GND Connector

This connector is the return for the input supply to the EVM. The leads to the input supply must be twisted and kept as short as possible to minimize EMI transmission.

2.1.9 J9 – Communications Connector

This connector contains shorting shunts that connect the 'F2808 DSP to the TLC5946 LED drivers. The shunts are preconfigured to properly connect the DSP's GPIO control signals to the LED driver ICs. The GND pins on this connector do not need shorting shunts because these pins are connected to the ground plane of the PCB. The user can remove all shorting shunts to disconnect the 'F2808 from the TLC5946 ICs. This allows the user to connect control signals from a separate microprocessor to this connector to program the LED drivers. The XERR signal does not need a shorting jumper because the graphical user interface (GUI) software does not use this signal.

CAUTION

Do not drive the outputs of the TMS320F2808 on the DSP board with external control signals.

2.1.10 J10 – LED Connector

This connector mates to the HPA249 LED board. The user also can connect a custom board to this connector with a standard 30-pin ribbon cable with 0.1-inch, pin-to-pin spacing. In order to minimize stray inductance and ringing on the output traces, connections to this connector must be as short as possible.

2.1.11 J11 – LED Connector

This connector mates to the HPA249 LED board. The user also can connect a custom board to this connector with a standard 30-pin ribbon cable with 0.1-inch, pin-to-pin spacing. In order to minimize stray inductance and ringing on the output traces, connections to this connector must be as short as possible.

2.1.12 JP1 – Default 'F2808 Boot Location

When a short is connected between pins 1-2, the 'F2808 boots up from the USB port connector, J1. When a short is connected between pins 2-3, the 'F2808 boots up from its internal flash EEPROM. The default boot location is the 'F2808 internal EEPROM. Firmware updates to the EEPROM require changes to the JP1 settings. The GUI software provides detailed instructions on how to update the firmware. If the user configures the EVM to communicate through the RS-232 or Zigbee connector, short JP1 pins 1 and 2 together so that the DSP boots from the RS-232 or Zigbee connector.

2.1.13 JP2 – Red LED

This jumper must be shorted to connect the red LED driver's OUT15 pin to the red LED. This jumper can be opened to measure the current flowing into the OUT15 pin from the red LED.

2.1.14 JP3 – Green LED

This jumper must be shorted to connect the green LED driver's OUT15 pin to the green LED. This jumper can be opened to measure the current flowing into the OUT15 pin from the green LED.

2.1.15 JP4 – Blue LED

This jumper must be shorted to connect the blue LED driver's OUT15 pin to the blue LED. This jumper can be opened to measure the current flowing into the OUT15 pin from the blue LED.

2.1.16 S1 – Power Switch

This switch connects and disconnects input power from the EVM.

2.2 Software Setup

If installing from a CD, insert the CD and run Setup.exe. Follow all the prompts to allow the software to be installed.

If installing from the TI Web site, go to the following URL www.ti.com

Note: This installation page is best viewed with Microsoft Internet Explorer™ browser. It may not work correctly with other browsers.

Click on the install button; your PC gives you a security warning and asks if you want to install this application. Select Install to proceed.

With both types of installation, the software attempts to install the Microsoft Dot Net Framework 2.0 (if it is not already installed). This framework is required for the software to run.

After installation, the software automatically runs.

During future use of the software, it may prompt you to install a new version if it becomes available on the web.

Note: VeriSign™ code signing is used to prevent any malicious code from changing this application. If at any time in the future the binaries are modified, the code will no longer attempt to run.

2.3 Hardware Setup

Ensure that S1 is in the OFF position.

Ensure that the shorting shunt is installed on JP1. The default for normal EVM operation is to short pins 2 and 3 together.

Ensure that the shorting shunts are installed on JP2, JP3, and JP4.

Connect the LED board (HPA249) to the LED Driver board (HPA274).

Connect the DSP board (TMDSCNCD2808) to the LED Driver board (HPA274). Ensure that the DSP board is fully seated in J4 with the tabs positioned to lock the DSP board in place.

Connect the LED Driver board to the host computer using the supplied USB cable.

Using either the J6 and J8 input power connectors or the J7 power jack connector, connect an input voltage supply to the TLC5946EVM board. The TLC5946 requires an input voltage between 5 V and 17 V. The input supply must be capable of supplying at least 1.5 A. Note that some ac-to-dc plug-in adapters do not provide clean power. Ensure that the input voltage is well regulated to avoid intermittent communication problems.

CAUTION

Hot plugging the input supply with long leads can generate transients on the input supply bus that exceed the maximum ratings of the EVM. The input supply must be connected before it is turned on.

Turn on the input supply voltage.

Move S1 from OFF to ON.

The 16 LEDs now are displaying a default pattern.

3 Operation

This section provides instructions on how to turn on the TLC5946EVM and operate the software.

The user now can run the host computer software and change the LED programming with the easy-to-use graphical interface.

3.1 Running the Software

Click on the TLC594xEVM GUI icon on the host computer to start the software. If no icon appears on the host computer, then use the start button in the lower left corner of the screen to browse the program folders to find the software. The default directory for software installation is Program Files\Texas Instruments\TLC594xEVM GUI Application. The executable file name is TLC594x.exe. Once started, the software checks the firmware in the DSP board to ensure it is compatible with the software. If the firmware is not compatible, the software gives the user instructions on how to reprogram it. Once the software is started and communication is established between the GUI and the EVM, the user can use the graphical interface to program the LEDs. If the EVM is properly connected, the software screen looks like [Figure 2](#) when first opened.

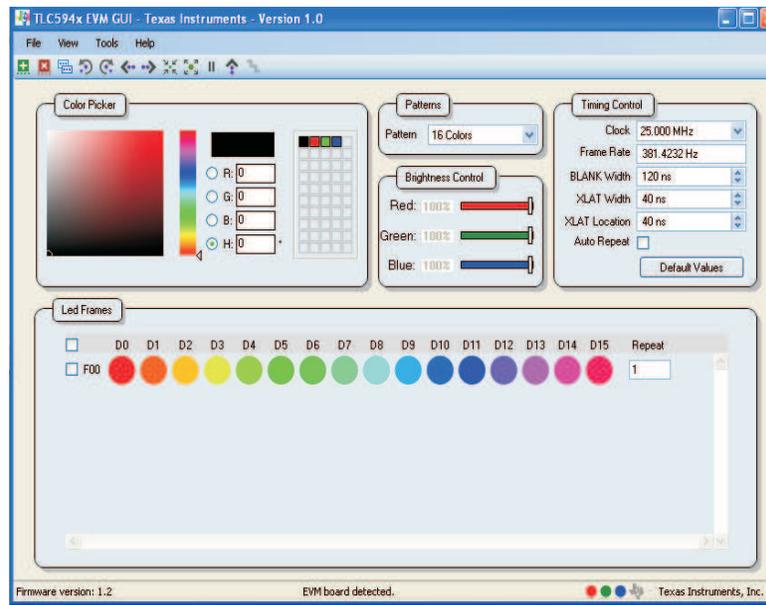


Figure 2. TLC5946EVM Software Start-Up Screen

3.2 Software Features

3.2.1 Color Picker

This window allows the user to choose the red, green, and blue PWM value for each LED. The software provides three options for choosing an LED's color. The user can manually enter the PWM values into the three text boxes, use the mouse to pick colors from the color bars, or use the mouse to click on a color from the custom color pallet. The color chosen in the Color Picker window is immediately displayed in the LEDs that are highlighted in the LED Frames window. The user can add custom colors to the pallet by dragging the current color to the custom color pallet. Custom colors can be deleted by right-clicking on the color to be removed. The TLC5946 is capable of displaying the full 2^{12} , or 4096 brightness levels per LED.

3.2.2 Patterns

This window provides the user with several preprogrammed LED frame patterns. Choosing a pattern immediately programs the LED Frames window with the pattern and then displays the pattern with the LEDs.

3.2.3 Global Brightness Control

This window allows the user to individually control the EVM's red, green, and blue global brightness values. Global Brightness data is only written to the EVM when one of the three values change.

3.2.4 Timing Control

The options in this window allow the user to modify the timing parameters of the signals written to the TLC5946 ICs. Note that all times and frequencies are approximate.

Clock: This drop-down menu allows the user to select the EVM's serial clock (SCLK) and grayscale (GSCLK) frequencies. The available clock frequencies are integral divisions of the 'F2808 clock frequency and cannot be modified.

Frame Rate: This shows the refresh rate for a single frame update. The Frame Rate is approximately $1/\text{period}$, where period is the time to display all 2^{12} grayscale pulses at the chosen clock frequency plus the time the BLANK signal is high.

BLANK Width: This adjusts the width of the BLANK pulse.

XLAT Width: This adjusts the width of the XLAT pulse.

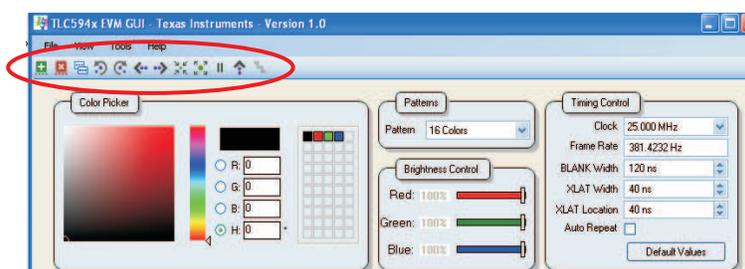
XLAT Location: This adjusts the rising edge of the XLAT pulse location. It is relative to the rising edge of the BLANK signal. A negative XLAT Location is shown when the XLAT signal rises before the BLANK signal.

Auto Repeat: This check box enables and disables the TLC5946's Auto Repeat function. Checking this box instructs the software to stop sending the BLANK signal. BLANK is held low during this time. Unchecking the box re-enables the BLANK signal. Note that the Auto Repeat function cannot be tested by removing the J9 jumper unless the BLANK line to the TLC5946 ICs is actively pulled low. If not pulled low, the BLANK signal may float high enough to be detected as a logic high, which turns all LEDs off.

Default Values: This box resets all Timing Controls to their default values.

3.2.5 LED Frames

The LED tool bar provides many easy-to-use functions to facilitate the EVM's evaluation. Each button has a pop-up description, which makes each function self-explanatory.



3.2.6 File – Save and Load

This tab allows the user to save and load custom frames. The file also saves all user-selectable settings such as operating frequency and Global Brightness settings.

3.2.7 View – Editing Radix

Changes the input format for the PWM Grayscale values in the Color Picker and Brightness Control Values between Hex, Percentage, and Absolute.

3.2.8 View – LED Display Mode

When Solid display mode is chosen, the pixel in the LED Frames window shows the LED pixels and their approximate color on the EVM. This color is generated by the mixing of the three individual LED colors. When RGB display mode is chosen, the pixel shows the relative intensity of each individual LED that makes up each pixel.

3.2.9 Tools – Update DSP Firmware

Clicking on this function provides step-by-step directions on how to update the EVM's DSP firmware.

3.2.10 Information Bar – EVM Status

The information bar displays whether or not the GUI detects the EVM hardware.

3.2.11 Information Bar – Firmware Version

This shows the user the DSP's firmware version.

3.2.12 Information Bar – Thermal Error Flag

The right side of the information bar displays three LED colors representing the thermal error flag for each TLC5946 on the EVM. In normal operation, the error flag is a solid color. When an IC detects an overtemperature condition, the colored circle turns into a burning IC. The EVM firmware latches the TLC5946 overtemperature signals to ensure that the GUI is able to read and display the error signals. The GUI can show an error condition for 2 seconds longer than the condition actually exists on the hardware.

3.3 Hardware Features

3.3.1 EVM Binary Identification Code

Resistors R16-R27 set a binary code that is read by the DSP at start-up. The DSP communicates this code to the GUI so that it knows what version of the EVM is connected and can load the proper software version.

3.3.2 RS-232 Communication Frequency

Resistors R28-R30 set a binary code that sets the default RS-232 communication frequency. [Table 1](#) shows the available settings. The default frequency is 115.2 kbps. The user can change this setting for custom software and communication protocol development.

Table 1. Available Settings

| Default Frequency | GPIO 10 | GPIO 9 |
|-------------------|---------|--------|
| 9.6 kbps | 0 | 0 |
| 57.6 kbps | 0 | 1 |
| 115.2 kbps | 1 | 0 |
| Not used | 1 | 1 |

3.3.3 Impedance Matching Termination Network

Each control line contains an RC impedance matching termination network. These are shown in the lower right corner on page 4 of the schematic. These networks are not installed and are not needed when using the DSP board to drive the LED drivers. If the user drives the LED drivers from an external source, these components may need to be installed to provide proper impedance matching of the PCB traces and the external drive circuitry. Excessive ringing caused by impedance mismatch can be interpreted as low-to-high logic level changes, causing erratic EVM behavior.

4 Schematics, Board Layouts, and Bill of Materials

4.1 Schematics

Figure 3 through Figure 7 provides the schematics for the TLC5946EVM-274 and the RGBLEDEVM-249.

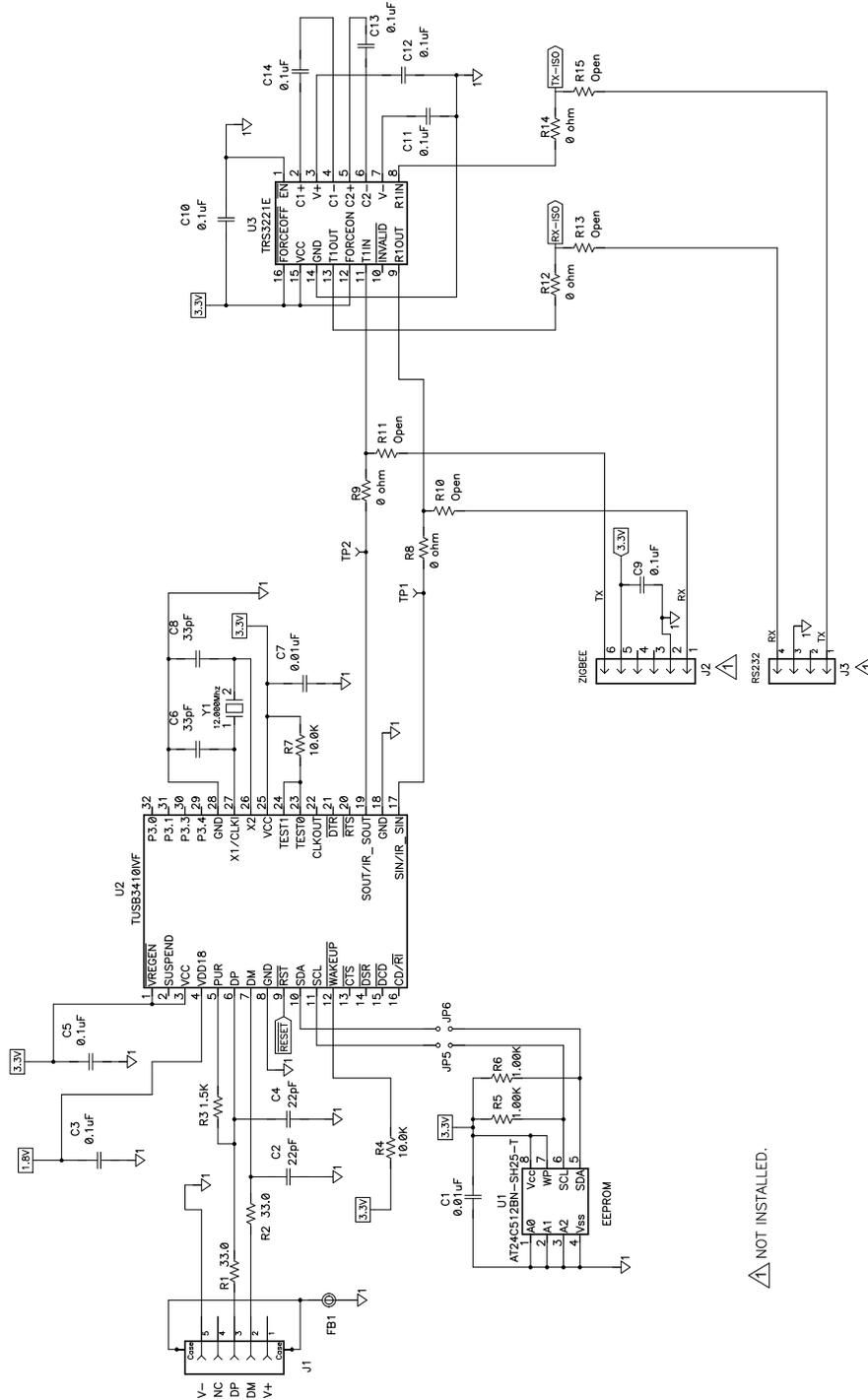


Figure 3. HPA274 - Schematic 1

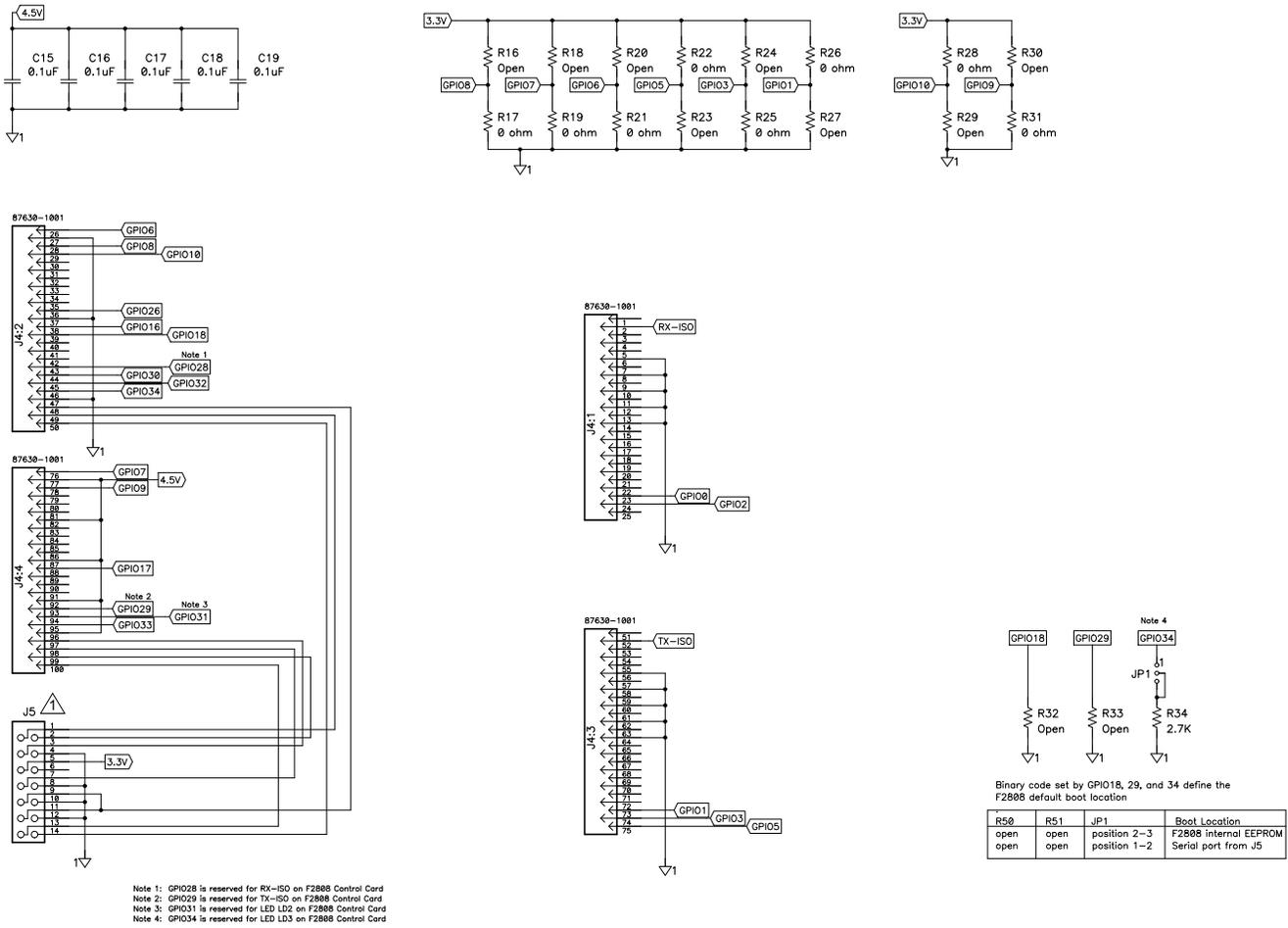


Figure 4. HPA274 - Schematic 2

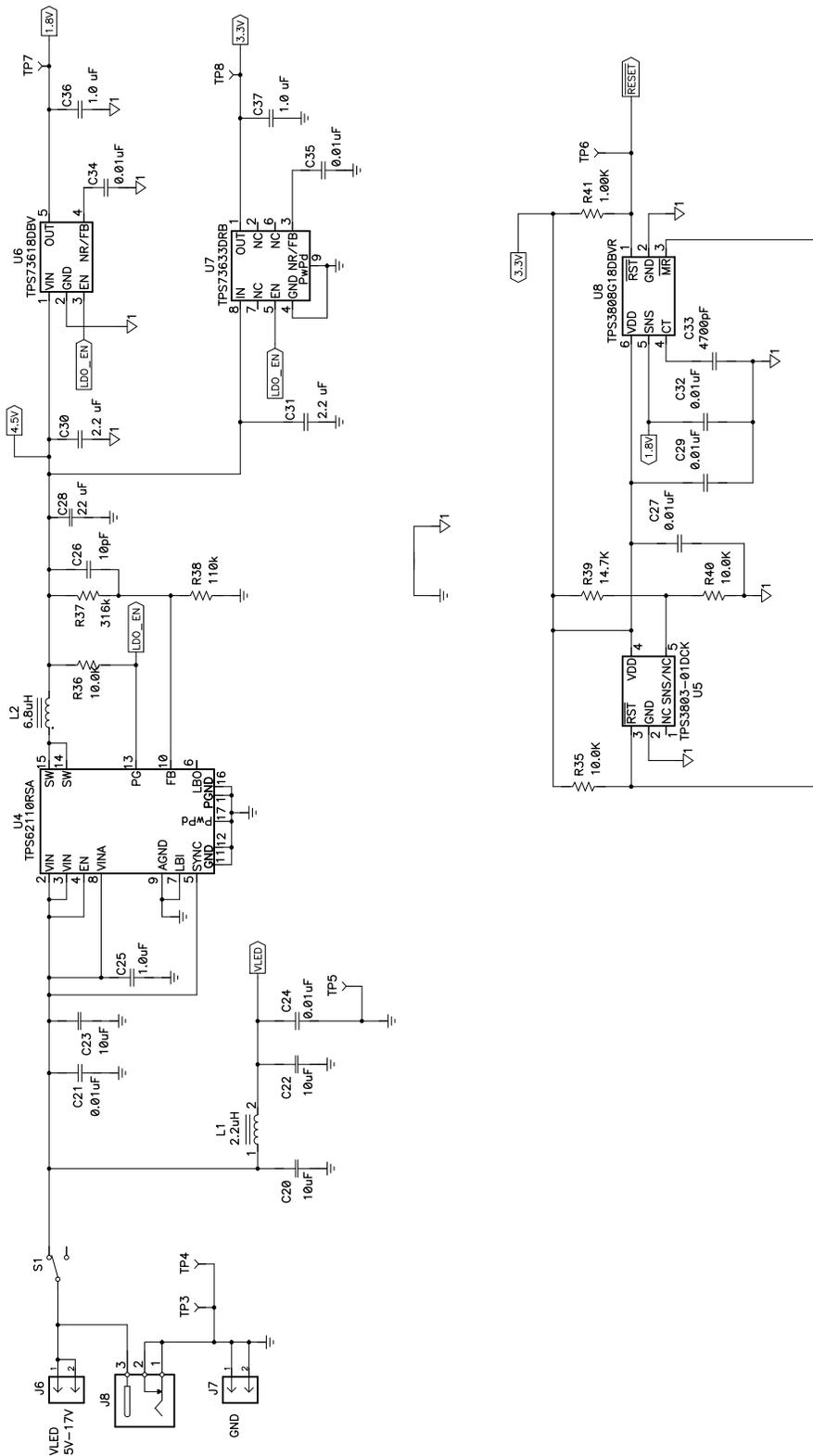


Figure 5. HPA274 - Schematic 3

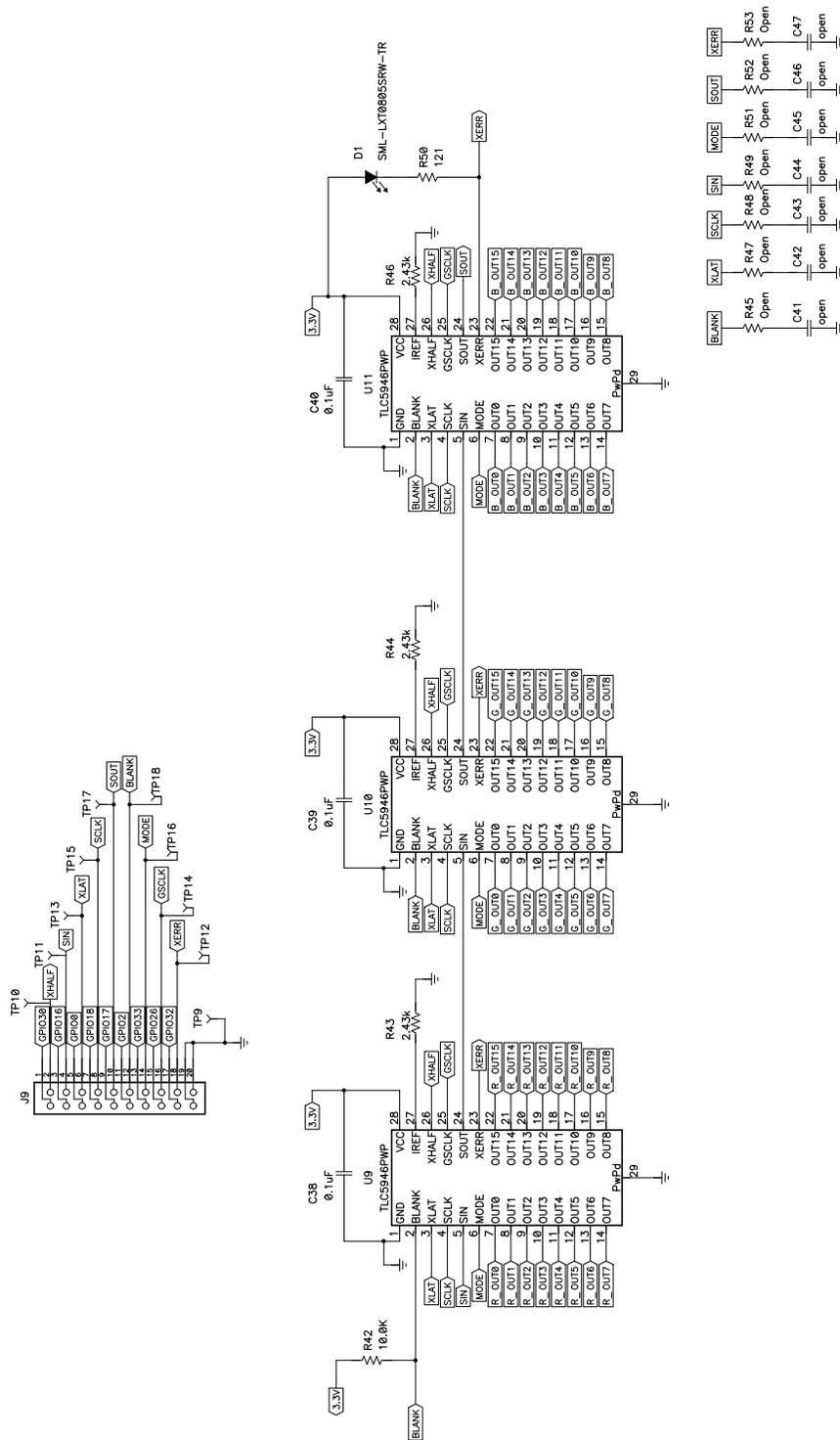


Figure 6. HPA274 - Schematic 4

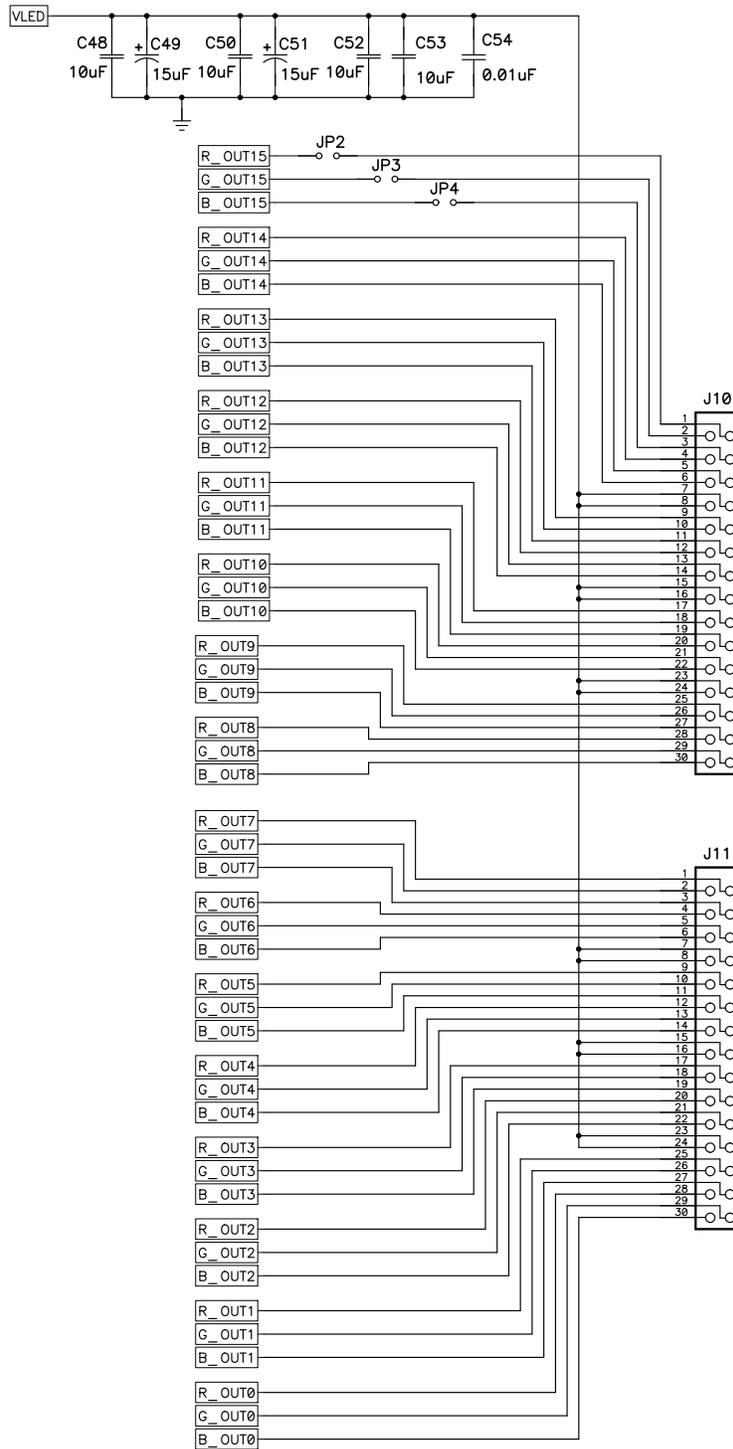


Figure 7. HPA274 - Schematic 5

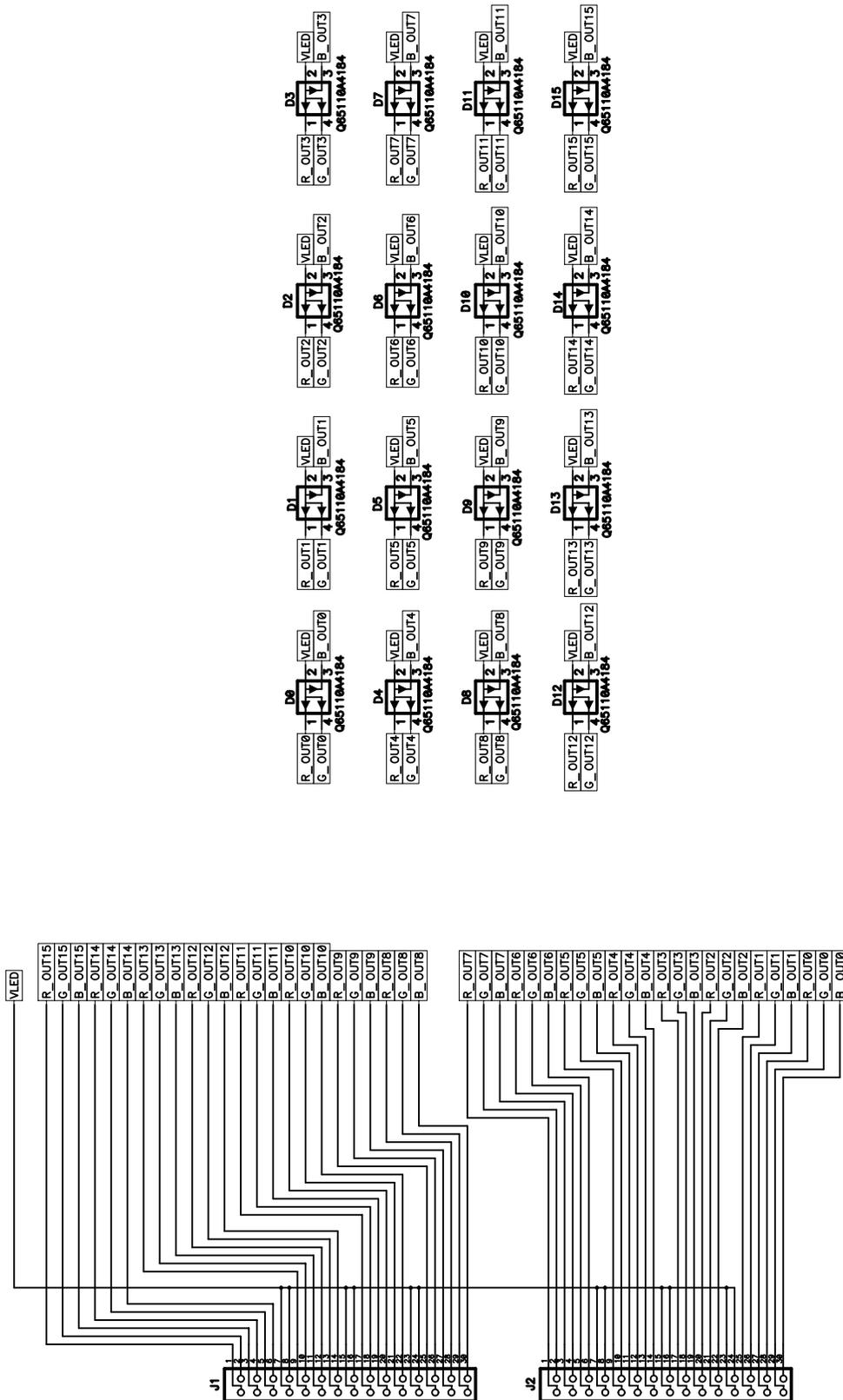


Figure 8. HPA249A Schematic

4.2 Board Layouts

This section provides the TLC5946EVM-274 and RGBLEDEVM-249 board layouts and illustrations.

Figure 9 through Figure 13 show the board layout for the LED driver board, HPA274.

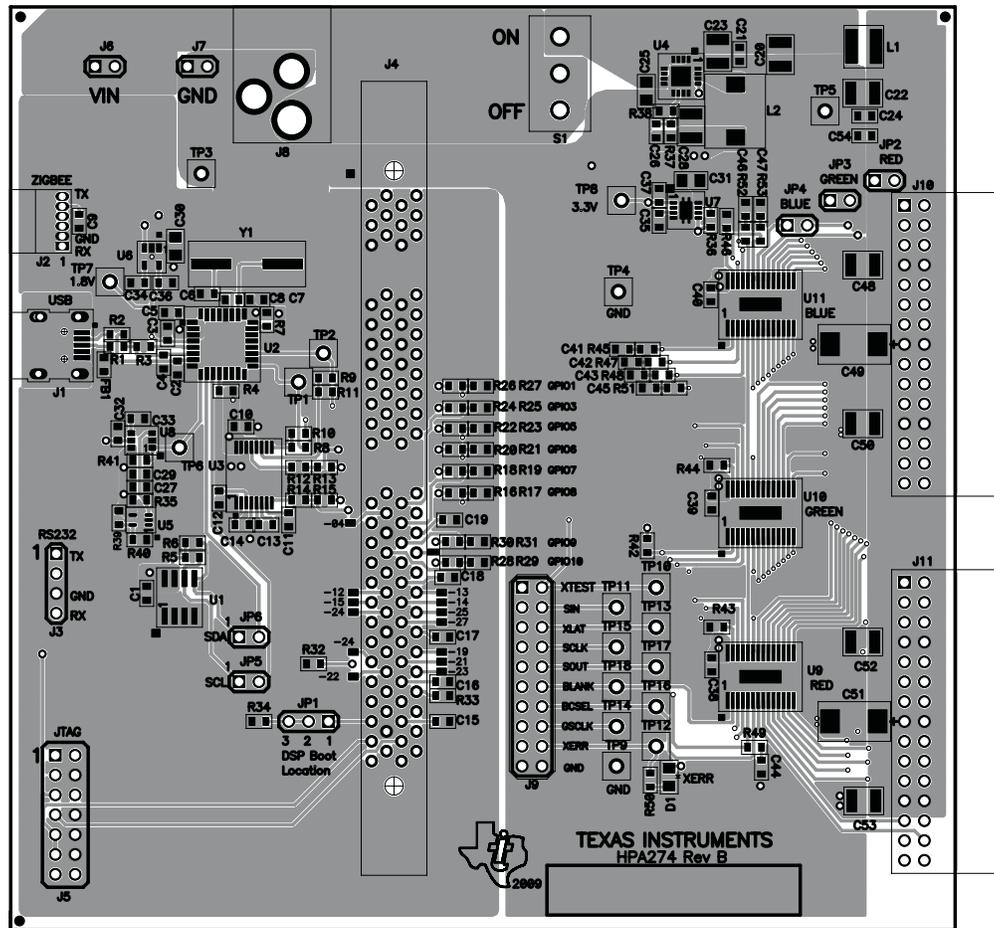


Figure 9. Assembly Layer Routing

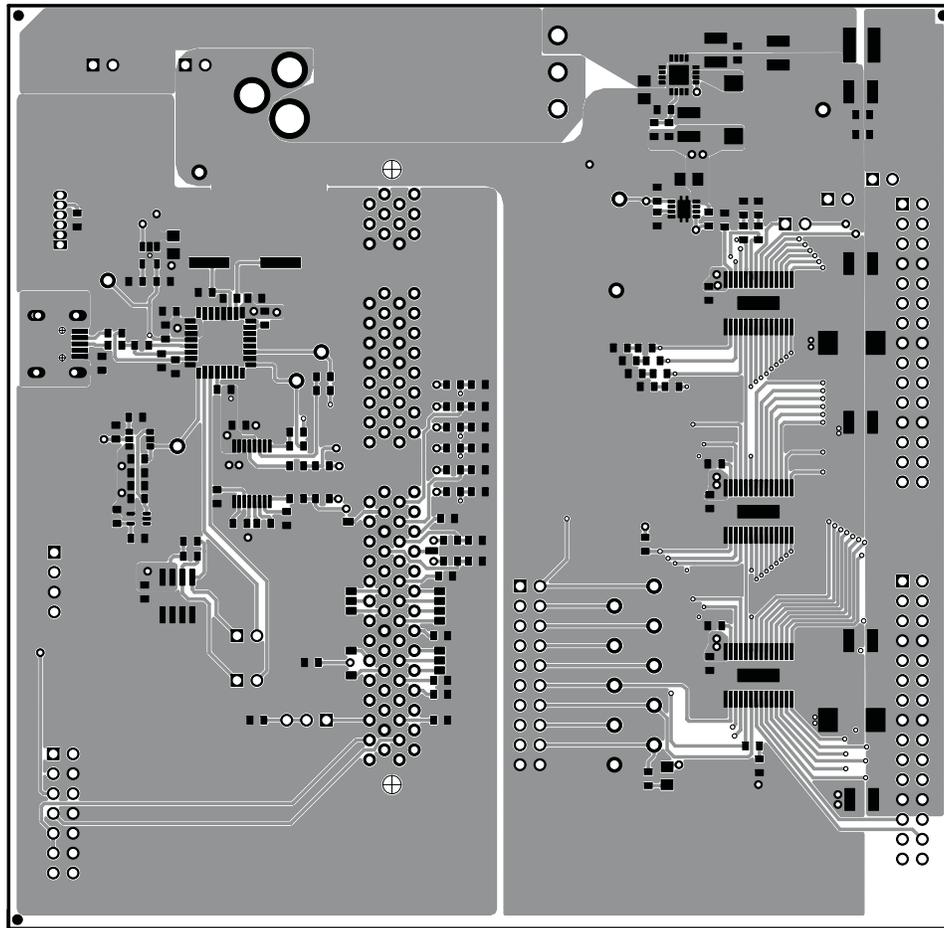


Figure 10. Top Layer Routing

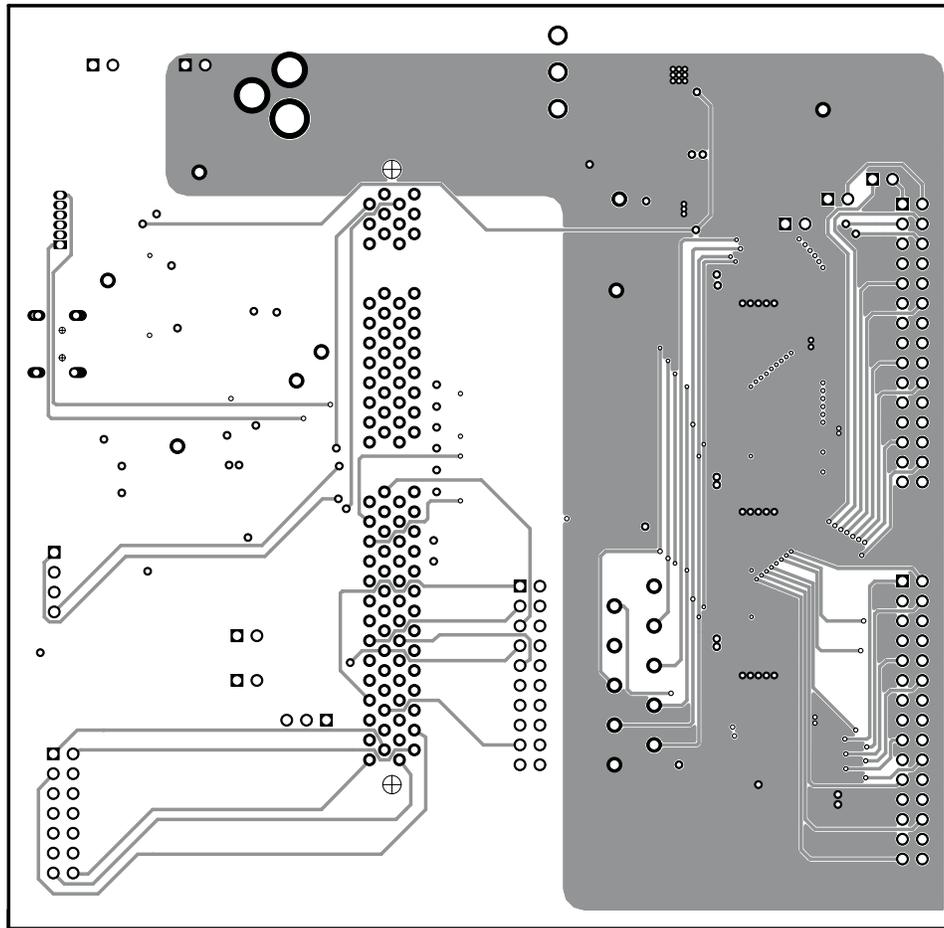


Figure 11. Layer 2 Routing

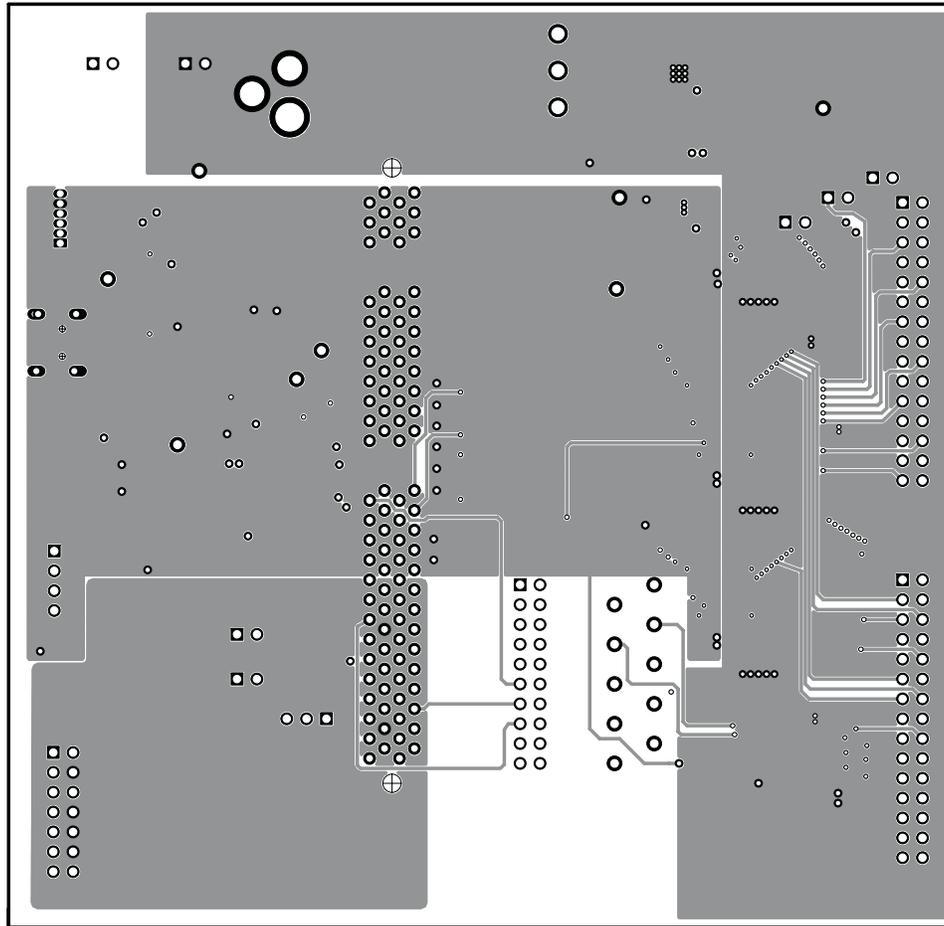


Figure 12. Layer 3 Routing

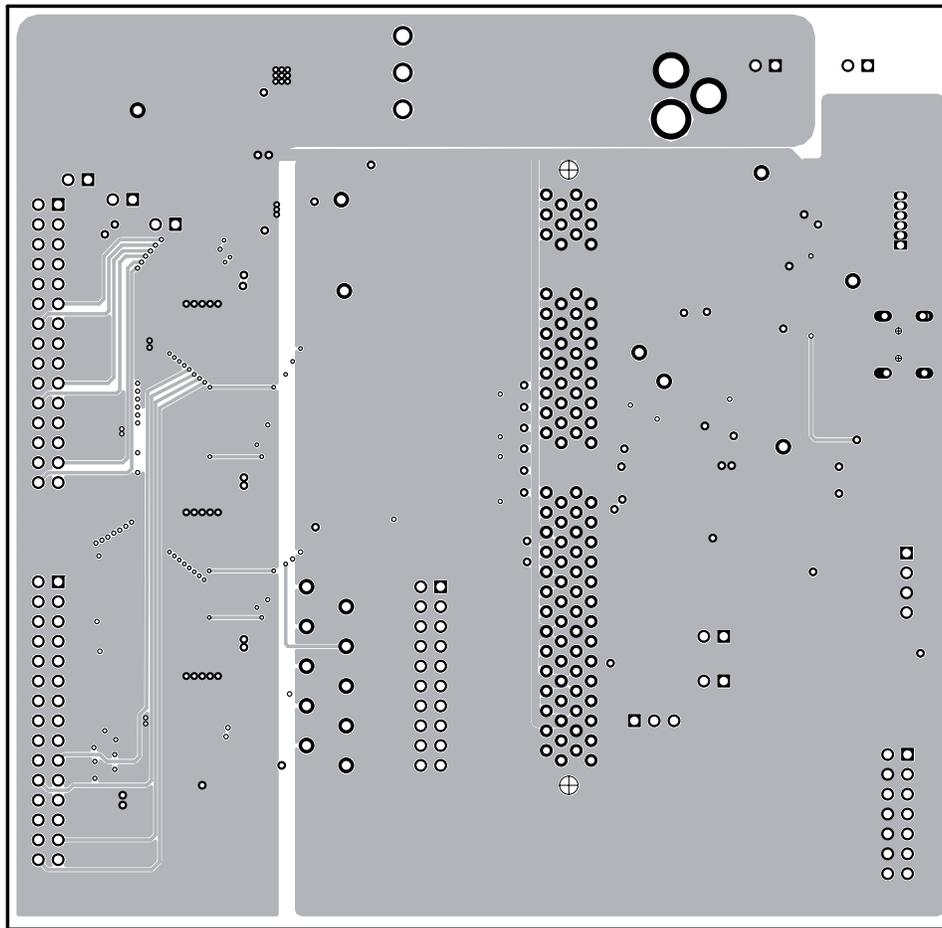


Figure 13. Bottom Layer Routing

Figure 14 through Figure 16 show the board layout for the LED board, HPA249.

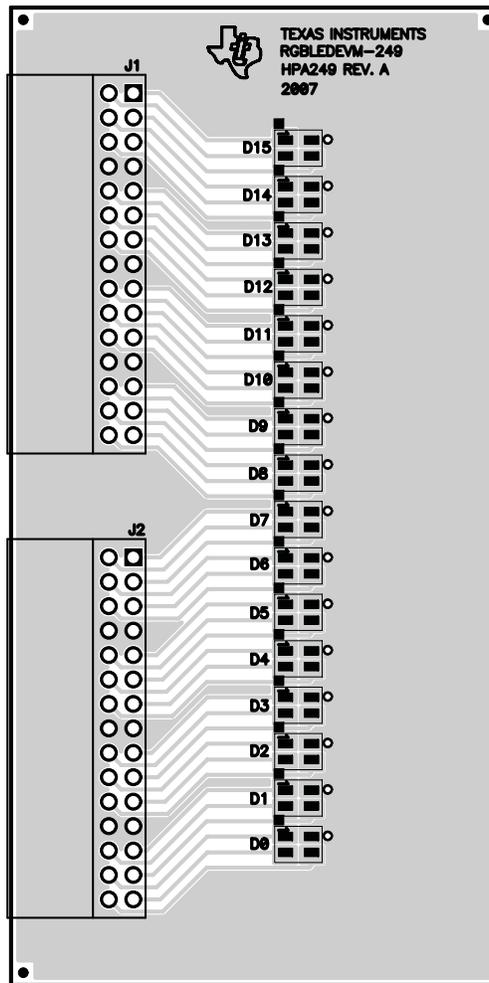


Figure 14. Assembly Layer

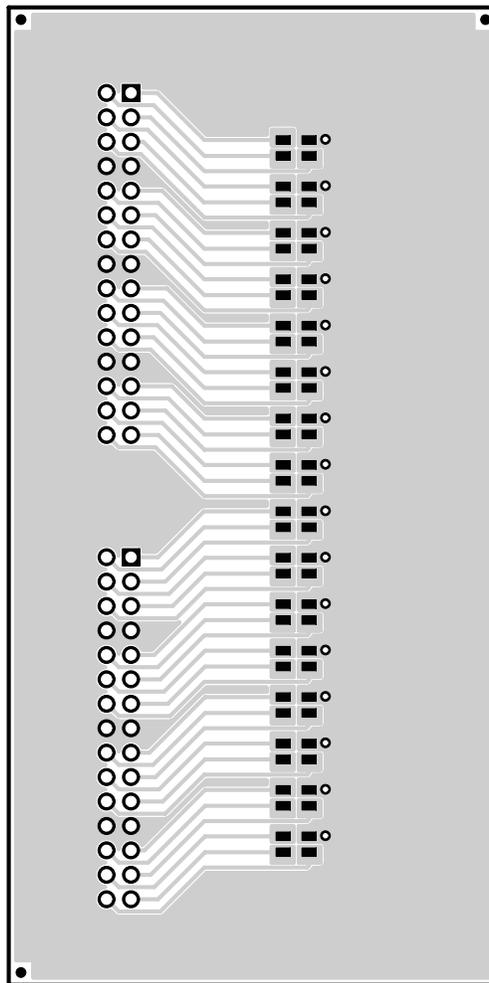


Figure 15. Top Layer

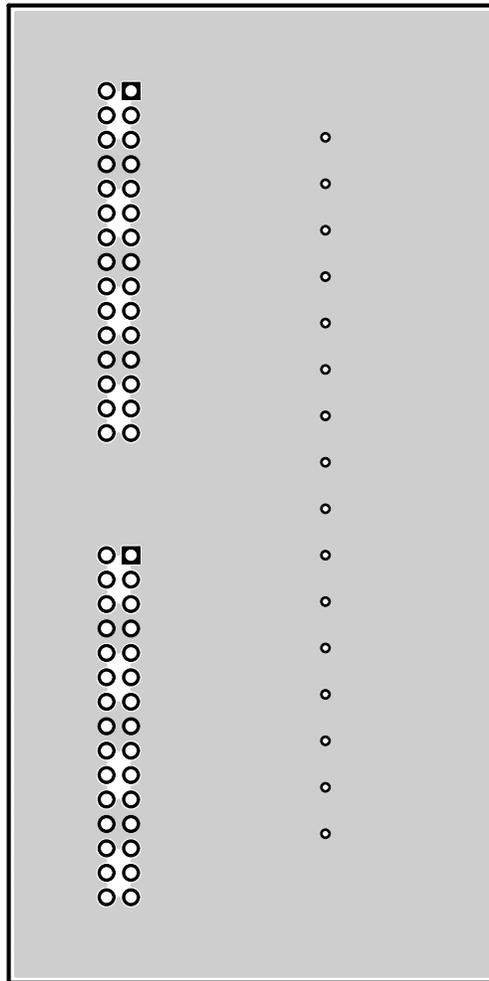


Figure 16. Bottom Layer

4.3 Bill of Materials

Table 2. HPA274B Bill of Materials

| Count | | | RefDes | Value | Description | Size | Part Number | MFR |
|-------|------|------|---|-------------------|---|----------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| -001 | -002 | -003 | | | | | | |
| 10 | 10 | 10 | C1, C7, C21, C24, C27, C29, C32, C34, C35, C54 | 0.01μF | Capacitor, Ceramic, 50V, X7R, 20% | 0603 | GRM188R71H103MA | Murata |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | C2, C4 | 22pF | Capacitor, Ceramic, 50V, COG, 5% | 0603 | GRM1885C1H220JA | Murata |
| 16 | 16 | 16 | C3, C5, C9, C10, C11, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16, C17, C18, C19, C38, C39, C40 | 0.1μF | Capacitor, Ceramic, 6.3V, X7R, 10% | 0603 | GRM188R70J104KA | Murata |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | C6, C8 | 33pF | Capacitor, Ceramic, 6.3V, X7R, 10% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| 7 | 7 | 7 | C20, C22, C23, C48, C50, C52, C53 | 10μF | Capacitor, Ceramic, 25V, X5R, 10% | 1210 | GRM32DR71E106KA12L | Murata |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | C25 | 1.0μF | Capacitor, Ceramic, 25V, X5R, 20% | 0805 | GRM216R61E105KA | Murata |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | C26 | 10pF | Capacitor, Ceramic, 50V, COG, 5% | 0603 | C1608C0G1H100DB | TDK |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | C28 | 22μF | Capacitor, Ceramic, 16V, X7R, 20% | 1210 | C3225X7R1C226M | TDK |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | C30, C31 | 2.2μF | Capacitor, Ceramic, 6.3V, X5R, 10% | 0805 | C2012X5R0J225KT | TDK |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | C33 | 4700pF | Capacitor, Ceramic, 16V, X7R, 10% | 0603 | GRM188R71C472KA | Murata |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | C36, C37 | 1.0μF | Capacitor, Ceramic, 6.3V, X5R, 10% | 0603 | C3216X5R0J105KT | TDK |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | C49, C51 | 15μF | Capacitor, POSCAP, 25V, 90milliohm, 20% | 7343(D) | 20TQC15M | Sanyo |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | C41, C42, C43, C44, C45, C46, C47 | Open | Capacitor, Ceramic, 6.3V, X7R, 10% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | D1 | SML-LXT0805SRW-TR | Diode, LED, Red, 100 mA | 0805 | SML-LXT0805SRW-TR | Lumex |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | FB1 | 74279266 | Bead, SMD Ferrite, 100 MHz Max. 200mA, ±25% | 0603 | 74279266 | WE |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | J1 | UX60-MB-5S8 | Connector, Recpt, USB-B, Mini, 5-pins, SMT | 0.354 × 0.303 Inches | UX60-MB-5S8 | |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | J10, J11 | PEC30DBAN | Header, Male 2x15-pin, 100mil spacing (36-pin strip), Right-Angle | 0.100 inch × 15 × 2 | PEC30DBAN | Sullins |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | J2 | Open | Header, 1x6-pin, 50mil spacing | 1.000 × 0.085 inch | 850-106-10-S-RA | Millmax |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | J3 | Open | Header, Male 4-pin, 100mil spacing, (36-pin strip) | 0.100 inch × 4 | PEC36SAAN | Sullins |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | J4 | 87630-1001 | Connector, PCI Card, 100-pin 1.27 mm pitch | 0.300 × 3.850 inch | 87630-1001 | Molex |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | J5 | Open | Header, 2x7 pin, 100mil spacing (36 pin strip) | 0.100 inch × 2X7 | PEC36DAAN | Sullins |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | J6, J7 | PEC36SAAN | Header, 2-pin, 100mil spacing, (36-pin strip) | 0.100 inch × 2 | PEC36SAAN | Sullins |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | J8 | RAPC 712 | Connector, Pin dia.2.5mm, DC Jack, | 0.57 × 0.35 inch | RAPC 712 | Switchcraft |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | J9 | PEC36DAAN | Header, Male 2x10-pin, 100mil spacing (36-pin strip) | 0.100 inch × 10 × 2 | PEC36DAAN | Sullins |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | JP1 | PEC36SAAN | Header, 3-pin, 100mil spacing, (36-pin strip) | 0.100 inch × 3 | PEC36SAAN | Sullins |
| 3 | 3 | 3 | JP2, JP3, JP4 | PEC36SAAN | Header, 2-pin, 100mil spacing, (36-pin strip) | 0.100 inch × 2 | PEC36SAAN | Sullins |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | JP5, JP6 | PEC36SAAN | Header, 2-pin, 100mil spacing, (36-pin strip) | 0.100 inch × 2 | PEC36SAAN | Sullins |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | L1 | 2.2μH | Inductor, SMT, 3.4A, 70milliohm | 0.153 × 0.153 inch | LPS4018-222ML | Coilcraft |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | L2 | 6.8μH | Inductor, SMT, 1.6A, 49.2milliohm | 0.276 sq | SLF7032T-6R8M1R6 | TDK |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | R1, R2 | 33.0 | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | R3 | 1.5K | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| 6 | 6 | 6 | R4, R7, R35, R36, R40, R42 | 10.0K | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| 3 | 3 | 3 | R5, R6, R41 | 1.00K | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| 6 | 6 | 6 | R8, R9, R12, R14, R28, R31 | 0 Ohm | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | R10, R11, R13, R15, R29, R30, R32, R33, R45, R47, R48, R49, R51, R52, R53 | Open | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| | | | R16 | 0 Ohm | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | | Open | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | R17 | 0 Ohm | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| | | | | Open | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| | | | R18 | 0 Ohm | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |

Table 2. HPA274B Bill of Materials (continued)

| Count | | | RefDes | Value | Description | Size | Part Number | MFR |
|-------|------|------|---|-------------------|--|--------------------|------------------------|----------|
| -001 | -002 | -003 | | | | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | | Open | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | R19 | 0 Ohm | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| | | | | Open | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| | | | R20 | 0 Ohm | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | | Open | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | R21 | 0 Ohm | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| | | | | Open | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| | | 1 | R22 | 0 Ohm | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| 0 | 0 | | | Open | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| 1 | 1 | | R23 | 0 Ohm | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| | | 0 | | Open | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| 1 | | | R24 | 0 Ohm | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| | 0 | 0 | | Open | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| | 1 | 1 | R25 | 0 Ohm | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| 0 | | | | Open | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| | | 1 | R26 | 0 Ohm | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| 0 | 0 | | | Open | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| 1 | 1 | | R27 | 0 Ohm | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| | | 0 | | Open | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | R34 | 2.7K | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | R37 | 316K | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | R38 | 110K | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | R39 | 14.7K | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| 3 | 3 | 3 | R43, R44, R46 | 2.43K | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | R50 | 121 | Resistor, Chip, 1/16W, 1% | 0603 | Std | Std |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | S1 | CS12ANW03 | Switch, SPDT, Miniature Slide, 3A 125VAC | 0.276 × 0.551 inch | CS12ANW03 | NKK |
| 14 | 14 | 14 | TP1, TP2, TP6, TP7, TP8, TP10, TP11, TP12, TP13, TP14, TP15, TP16, TP17, TP18 | 5000 | Test Point, Red, Thru Hole Color Keyed | 0.100 × 0.100 inch | 5000 | Keystone |
| 4 | 4 | 4 | TP3, TP4, TP5, TP9 | 5001 | Test Point, Black, Thru Hole Color Keyed | 0.100 × 0.100 inch | 5001 | Keystone |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | U1 | AT24C512BN-SH25-T | IC, 512K, Serial EEPROM | SO-8 | AT24C512BN-SH25-T | Atmel |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | U2 | TUSB3410IVF | IC, USB to Serial Port Controller | PQFP32 | TUSB3410IVF | TI |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | U3 | TRS3221E | IC, RS-232 Transceivers with AutoShutdown | SSOP-16 | TRS3221E | TI |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | U4 | TPS62110RSA | IC, Synchronous Step-Down Converter, 17V, 1.2A | QFN-16 | TPS62110RSA | TI |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | U5 | TPS3803-01DCK | IC, Voltage Supervisor | SOP-5 (DCK) | TPS3803-01DCK | TI |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | U6 | TPS73618DBV | IC, Cap-Free, NMOS, 400mA LDO Regulator with Reverse Current Protection. | SOT23-5 | TPS73618DBV | TI |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | U7 | TPS73633DRB | IC, Cap-Free, NMOS, 400mA LDO Regulator With Reverse Current Protection | QFN-8 | TPS73633DRB | TI |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | U8 | TPS3808G18DBVR | IC, SVS, Low Quiescent Current, Programmable 1.8-V, Delay Time: 1.25ms to 10s | SOT23-6 | TPS3808G18DBVR | TI |
| 3 | | | U9, U10, U11 | TLC5943PWP | IC, 16 Chan LED Driver With 16 BIT PWM Dimming and 6 bit Global Brightness Control | TSSOP-28 | TLC5943PWP | TI |
| | | 3 | | TLC5941PWP | IC, 16 Chan LED Driver With Dot Correction/Grayscale PWM Control | TSSOP-28 | TLC5941PWP | TI |
| | | 3 | | TLC5946PWP | IC, 16 Chan LED Driver With Dot Correction/Grayscale PWM Control | TSSOP-28 | TLC5946PWP | TI |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | Y1 | ABLS-12.000Mhz-B2 | Crystal, Controlled Oscillators | 0.150 × 0.528 inch | ABLS-12.000Mhz-B2 | ABRACON |
| 14 | 14 | 14 | — | | Shunt, 100-mil, Black | 0.100 | 929950-00 | 3M |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | — | | PCB | | HPA274 | Any |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | — | | Label | 1.25 × 0.25 inch | THT-13-457-10 | Brady |
| 4 | 4 | 4 | — | 2566 | Bumper, rubber | | 2566 | SPC Tech |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | — | | LED board | | HPA249_Osram_LED_Board | TI |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | See Note 6 | | F2808 DSP Control Card | | TMDSCNCD2808 | TI |

Table 2. HPA274B Bill of Materials (continued)

| Count | | | RefDes | Value | Description | Size | Part Number | MFR |
|---|------|------|------------------------|----------------|-------------|------|-------------|-----|
| -001 | -002 | -003 | | | | | | |
| Notes: 1. These assemblies are ESD sensitive, ESD precautions shall be observed. 2. These assemblies must be clean and free from flux and all contaminants. Use of no clean flux is not acceptable. 3. These assemblies must comply with workmanship standards IPC-A-610 Class 2. 4. Ref designators marked with an asterisk (***) cannot be substituted. All other components can be substituted with equivalent MFG's components. 5. Install label after final wash. Text shall be 8 pt font. Text shall be per Table 1. 6. DSP Control card will be supplied by TI. | | | | | | | | |
| Table 1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Assembly Number | Text | | | | |
| | | | HPA274-001 | TLC5946EVM-274 | | | | |
| | | | HPA274-002 | TLC5941EVM-274 | | | | |
| | | | HPA274-003 | TLC5946EVM-274 | | | | |

Table 3. HPA249A Bill of Materials

| Count | RefDes | Value | Description | Size | Part Number | MFR |
|-------|--------|----------------|---|--------------------|----------------|---------|
| 16 | D0–D15 | Q65110A4184 | Diode, LED, 20mA, Common Anode (LATBT66B) | 0.118 × 0.134 | Q65110A4184 | Osram |
| 2 | J1, J2 | PPTC152LJBN-RC | Header, female, 2×5-pin, .100 inch, RA | 0.500 × 1.520 inch | PPTC152LJBN-RC | Sullins |
| 1 | — | | PCB, 2 ln × 4 ln × 0.062 ln | | HPA248 | Any |

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